

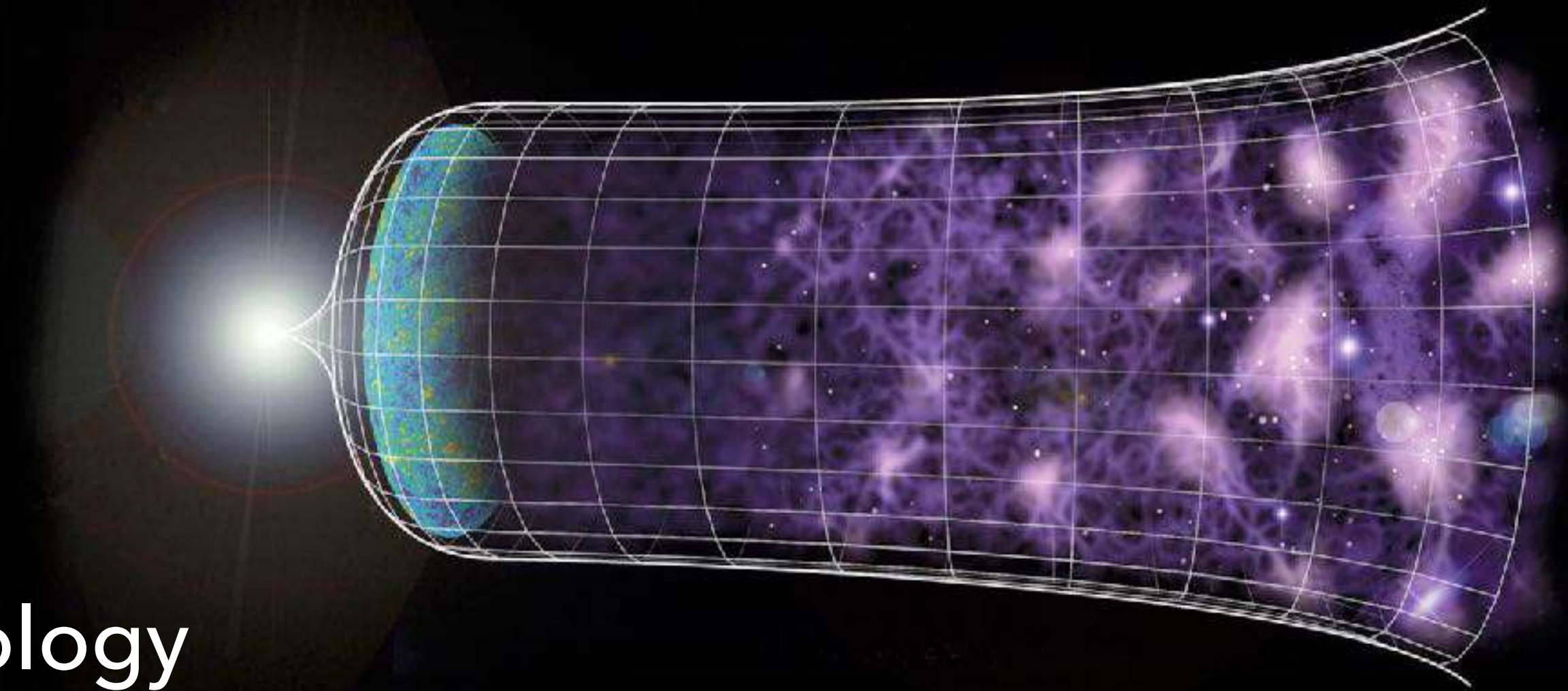
*York University
Department of Physics and Astronomy Colloquium, 17 November 2020*

DARK MATTER INTERACTIONS THROUGHOUT COSMIC HISTORY

Kimberly Boddy
University of Texas at Austin

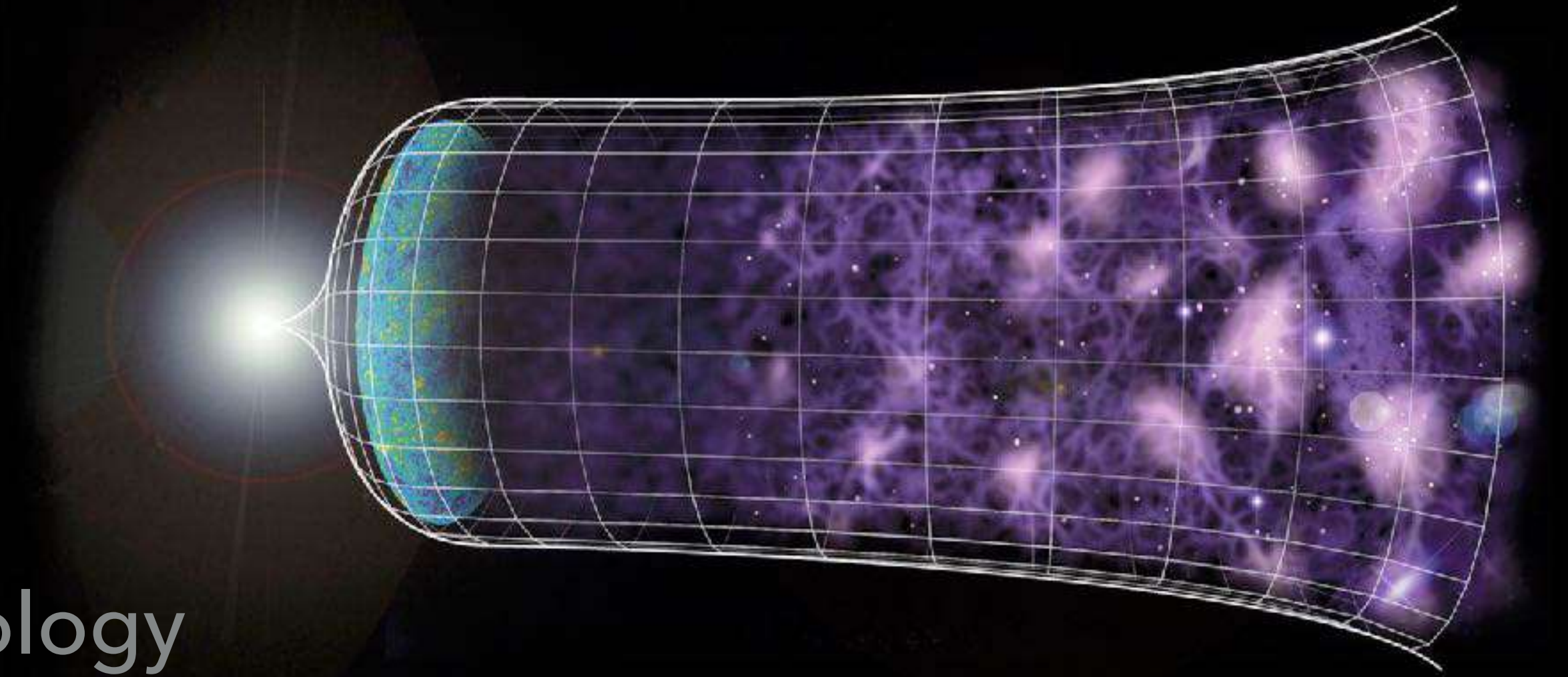
Outline

- ◆ Role of standard dark matter
- ◆ Effects of dark matter physics in cosmology
- ◆ Tests of dark matter scattering
- ◆ Future prospects



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Cosmic Microwave Background
(formation of neutral hydrogen)

t ~ 380,000 yr
z ~ 1100

Cosmic Dawn
t ~ 500 million yr
z ~ 15-25

Today's Galaxies

t ~ 13.8 billion yr
z = 0

Dark Ages

Reionization

Ionized

Neutral

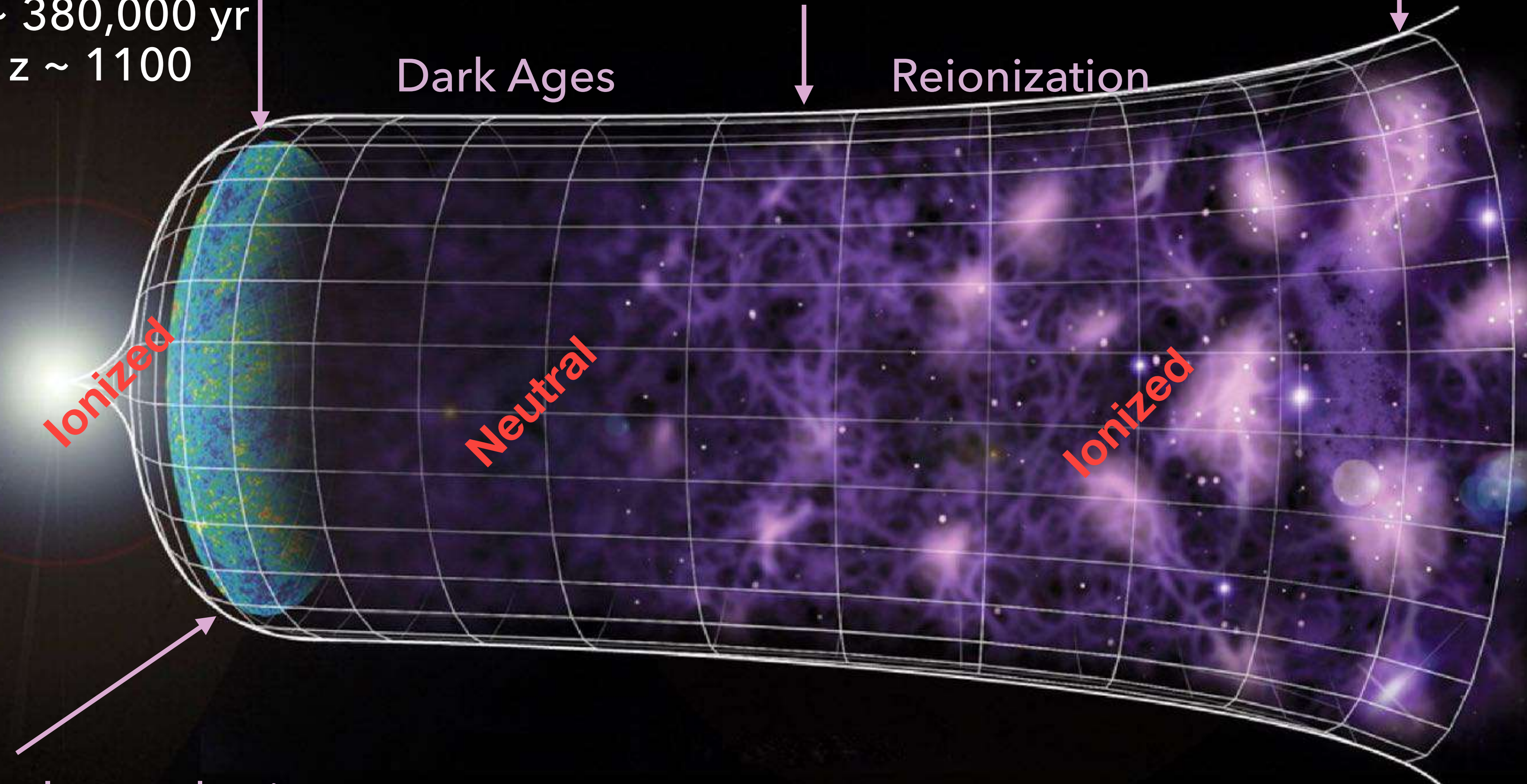
Ionized

Big Bang Nucleosynthesis
(creation of light elements)

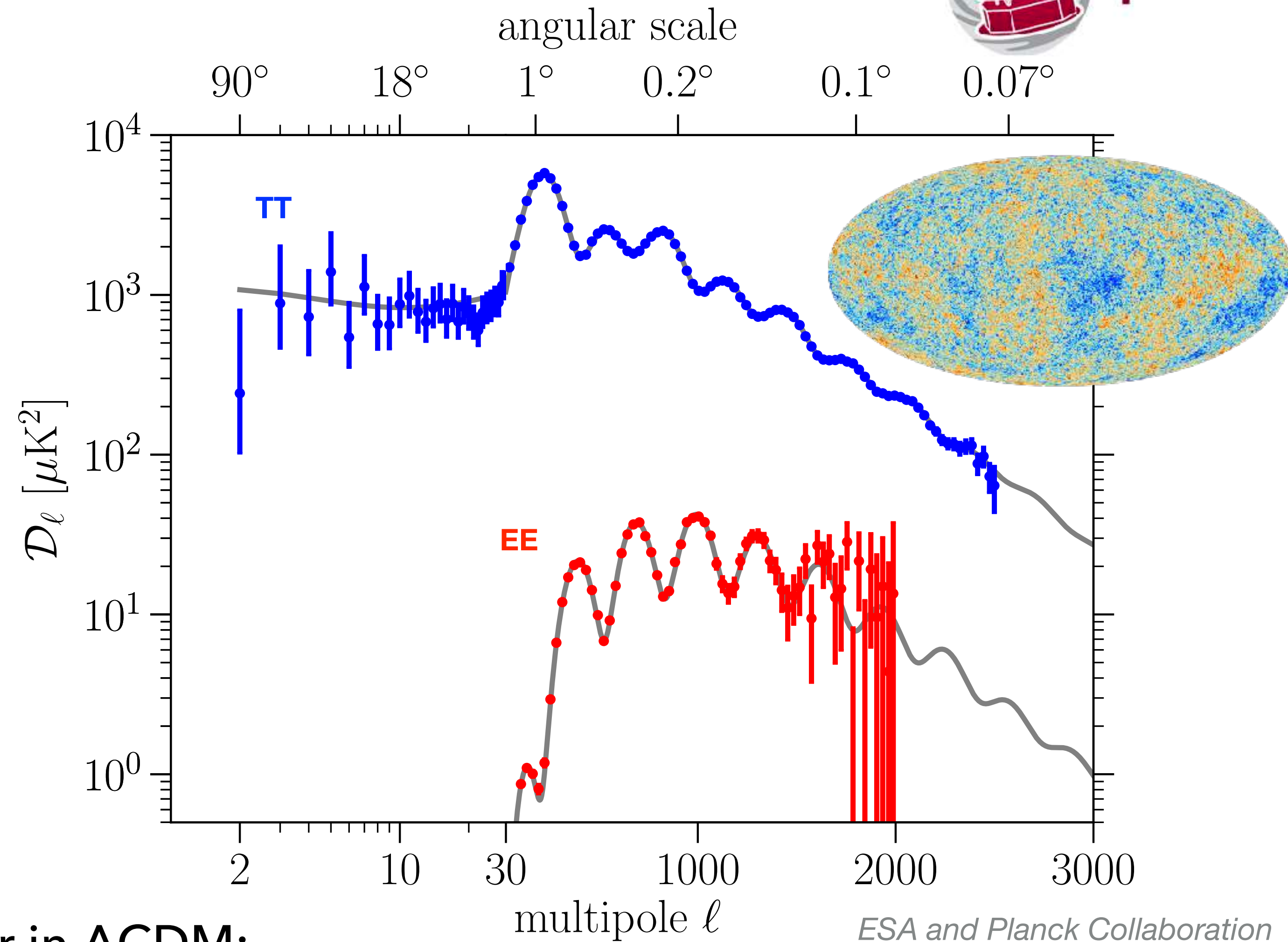
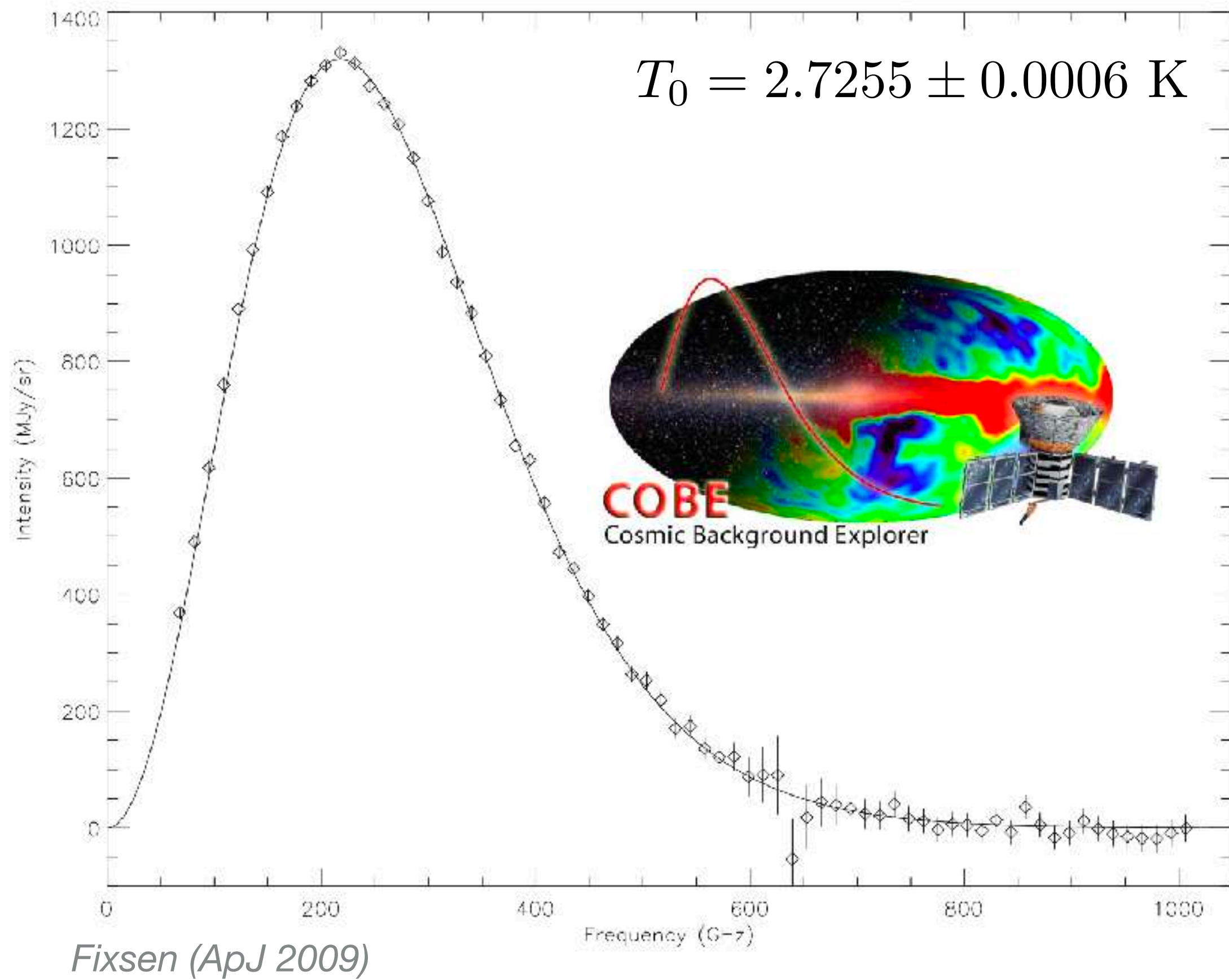
t ~ 10 sec – 10 min
z ~ 10⁹

$$z \equiv \frac{\lambda_{\text{obs}} - \lambda_{\text{emit}}}{\lambda_{\text{emit}}}$$

Time →
Redshift ←



Cosmic Microwave Background



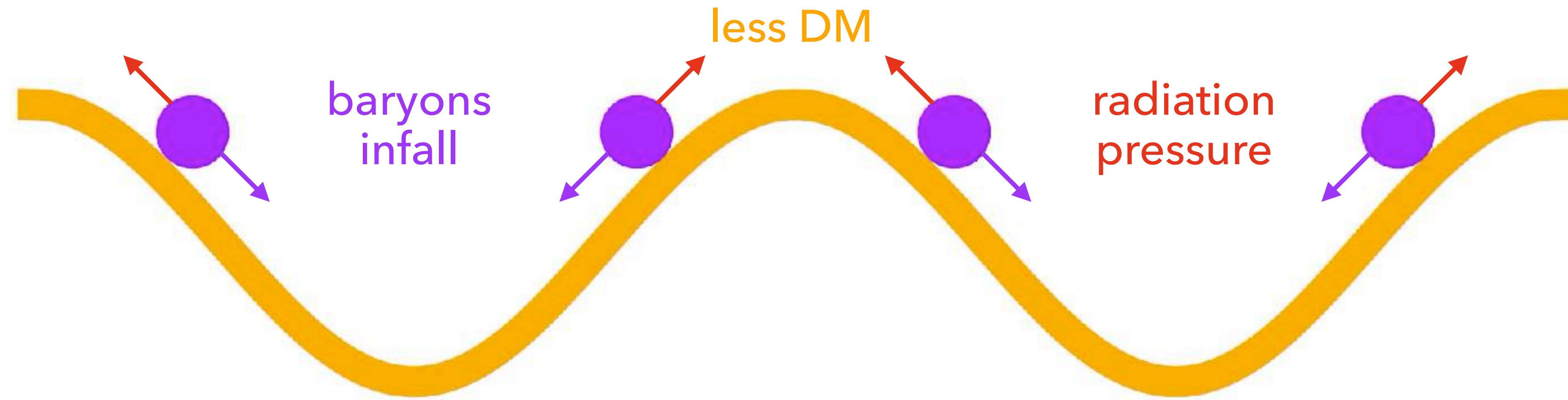
Dark matter in Λ CDM:

◆ cold, collisionless

◆ ~6x more abundant than baryons

“baryons” = protons + helium + electrons

Acoustic Oscillations



baryons
infall

less DM

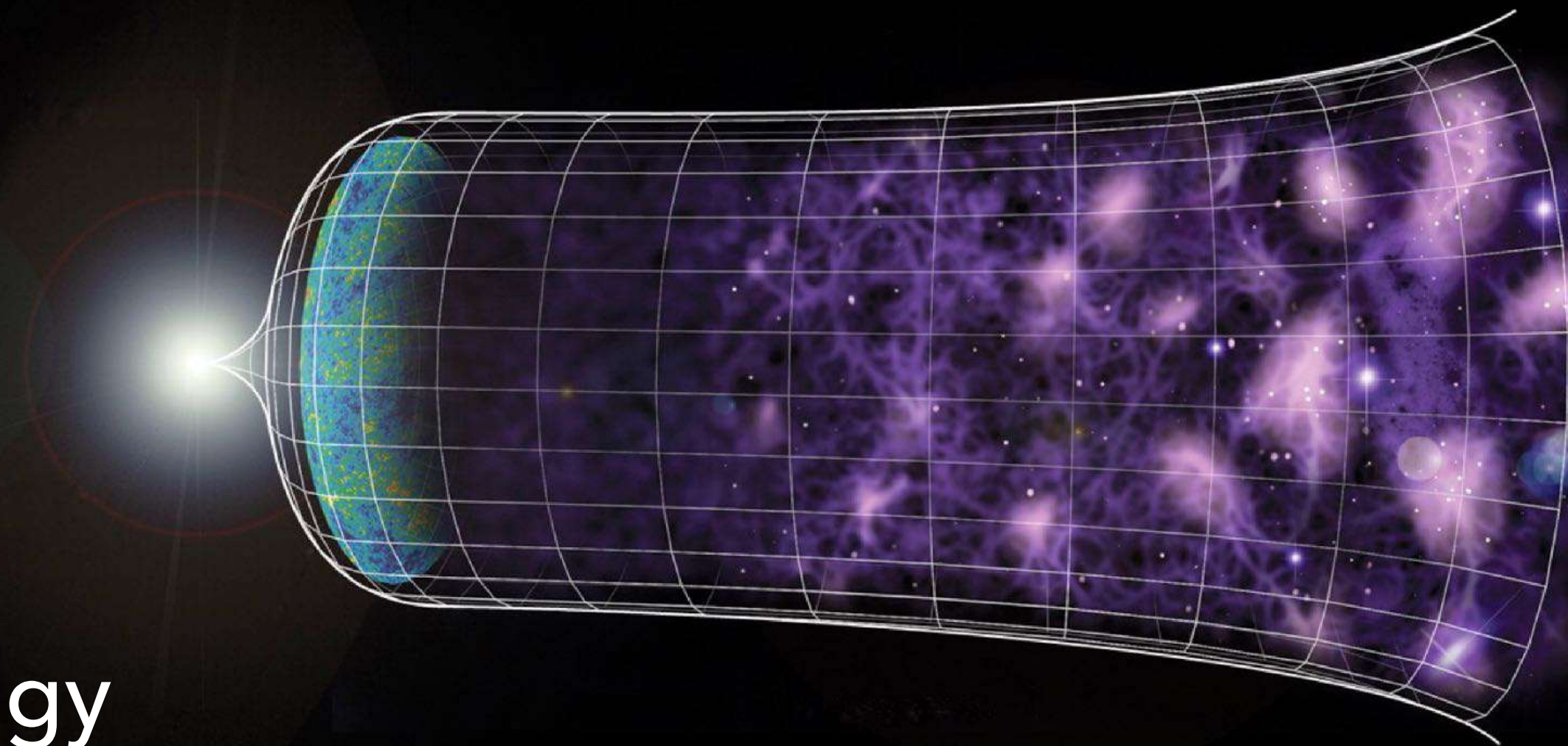
radiation
pressure

more DM
(creates potential well)

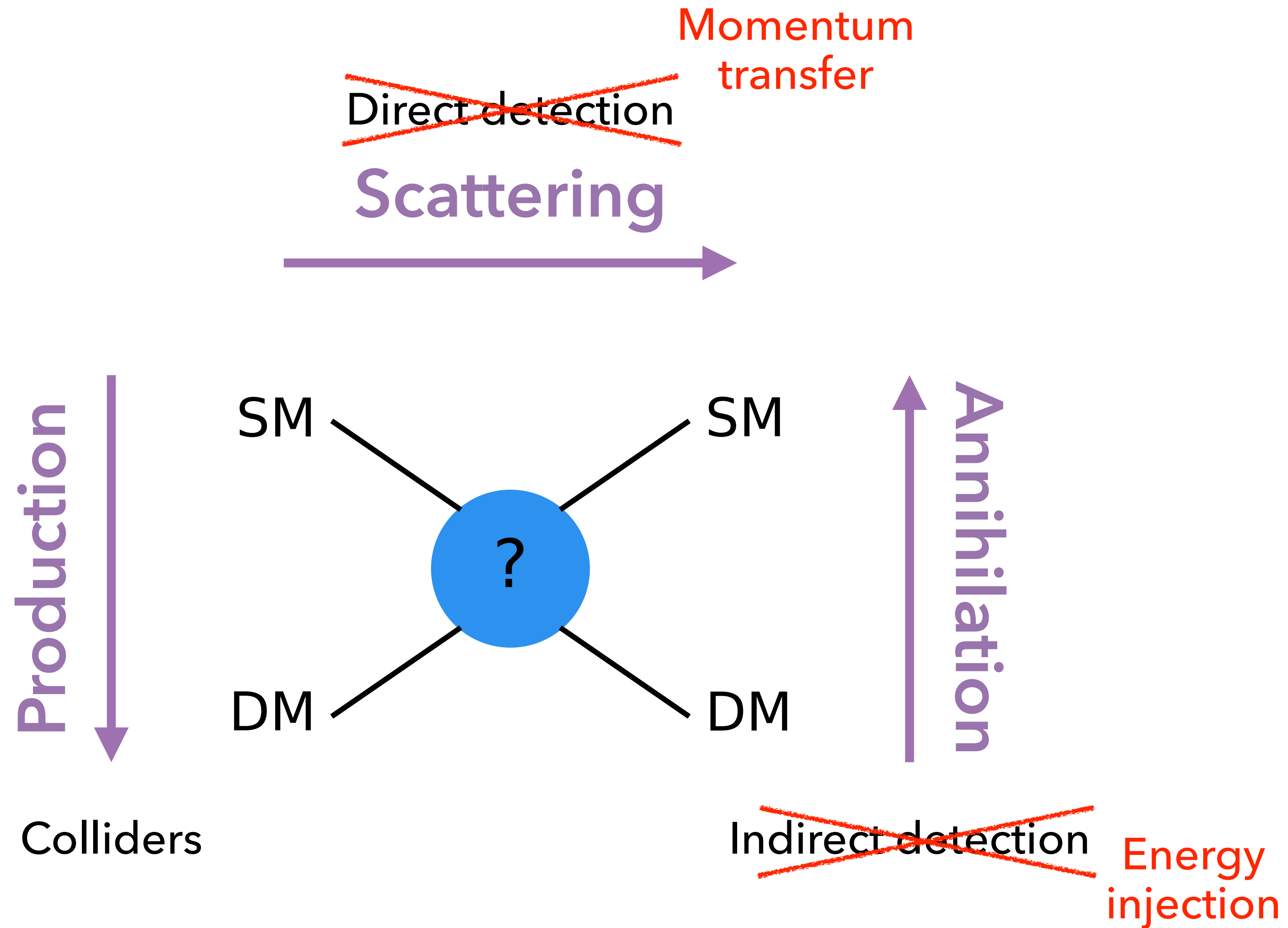
simple harmonic oscillators of various
frequency and wavelength
(Fourier-space description)

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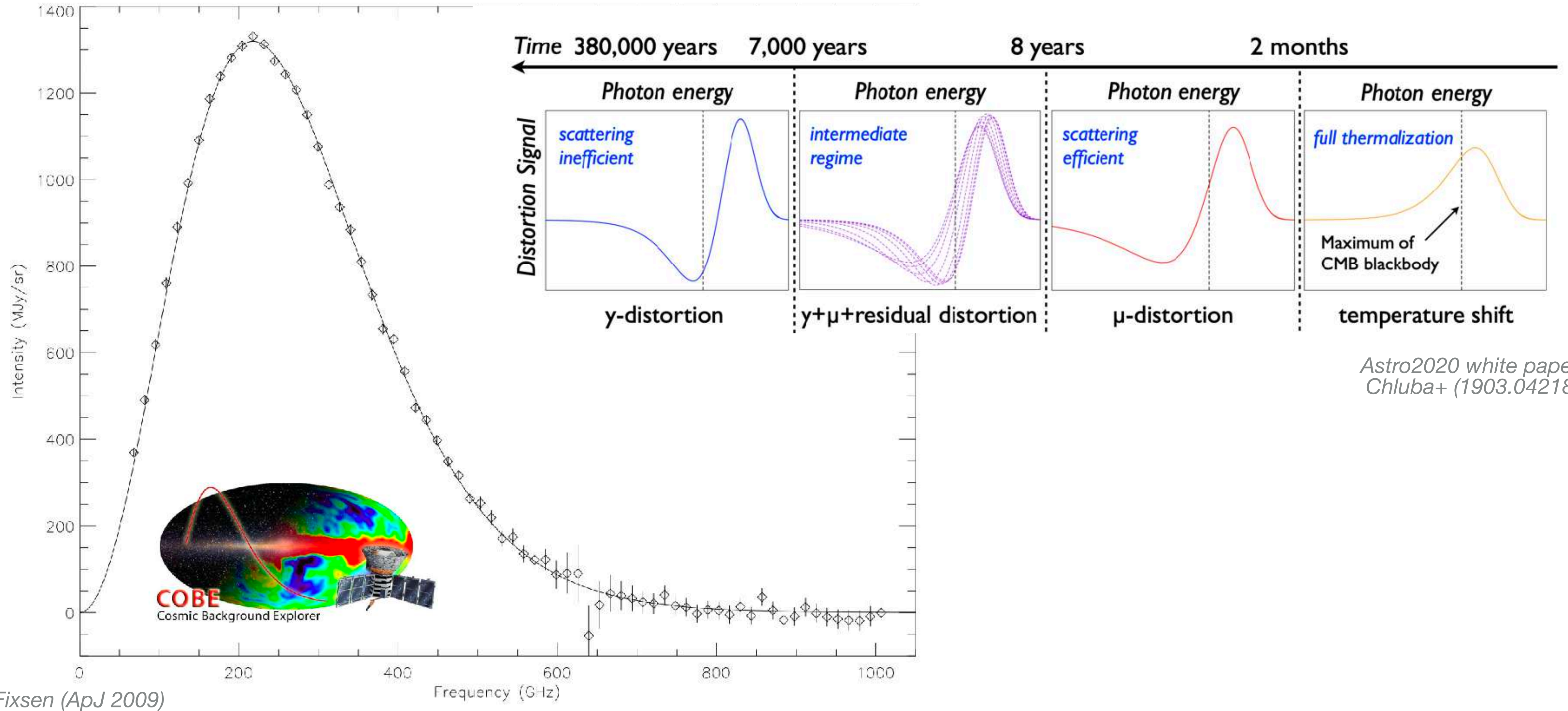


Weakly Interacting Massive Particle (WIMP) Searches



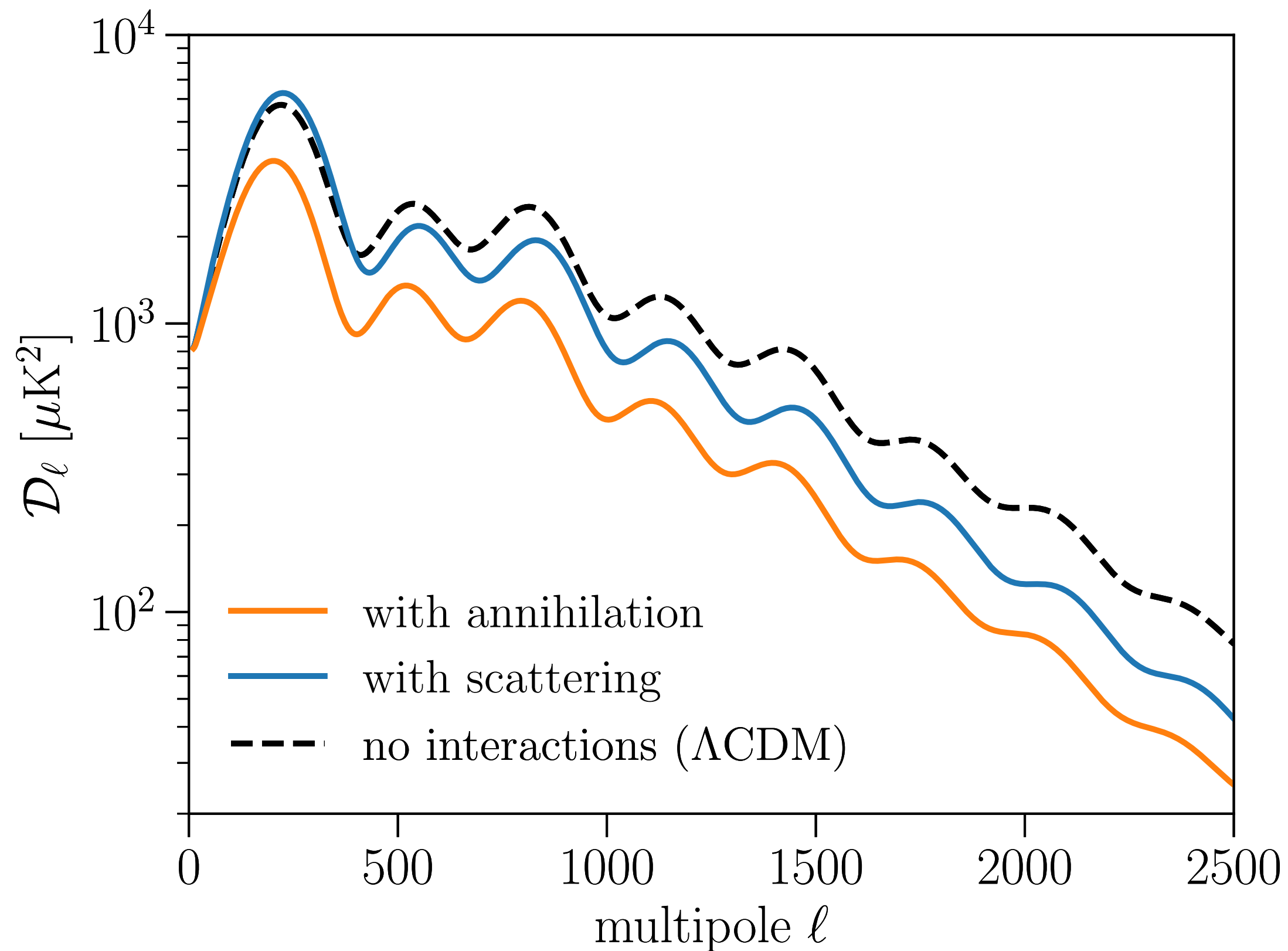
Spectral Distortions of CMB Blackbody

$$T_0 = 2.7255 \pm 0.0006 \text{ K}$$



Astro2020 white paper
Chluba+ (1903.04218)

Suppression of CMB Anisotropies



DM annihilation

- suppression across (mostly) all scales

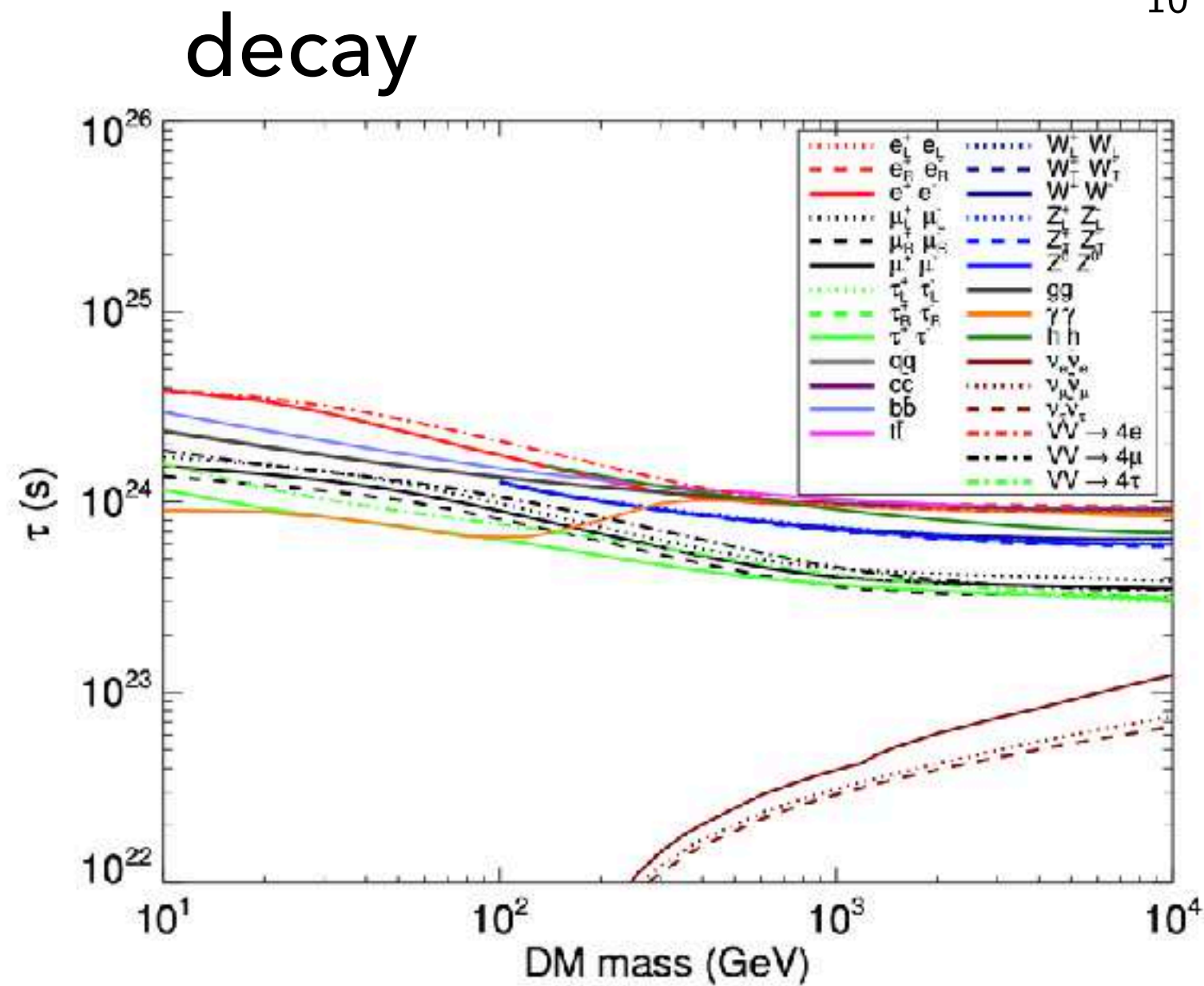
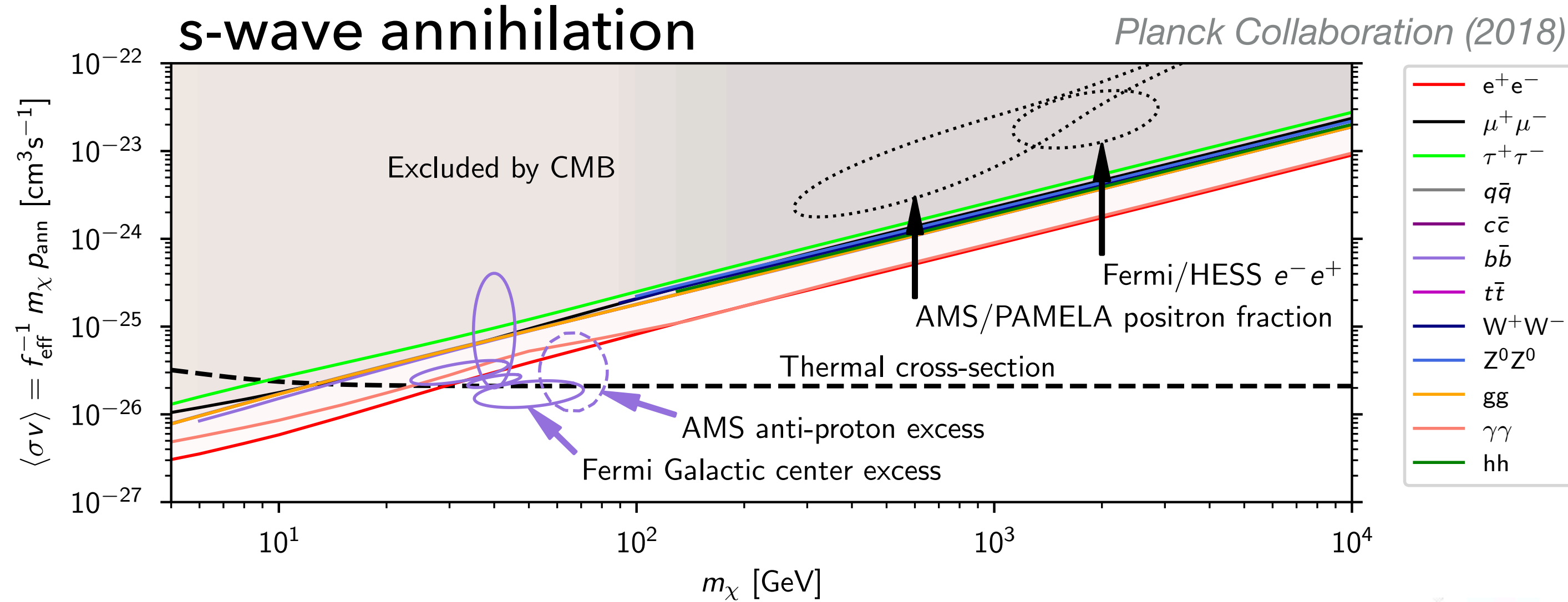
DM-baryon scattering

- suppression at small scales

Effects of annihilation and scattering are distinguishable

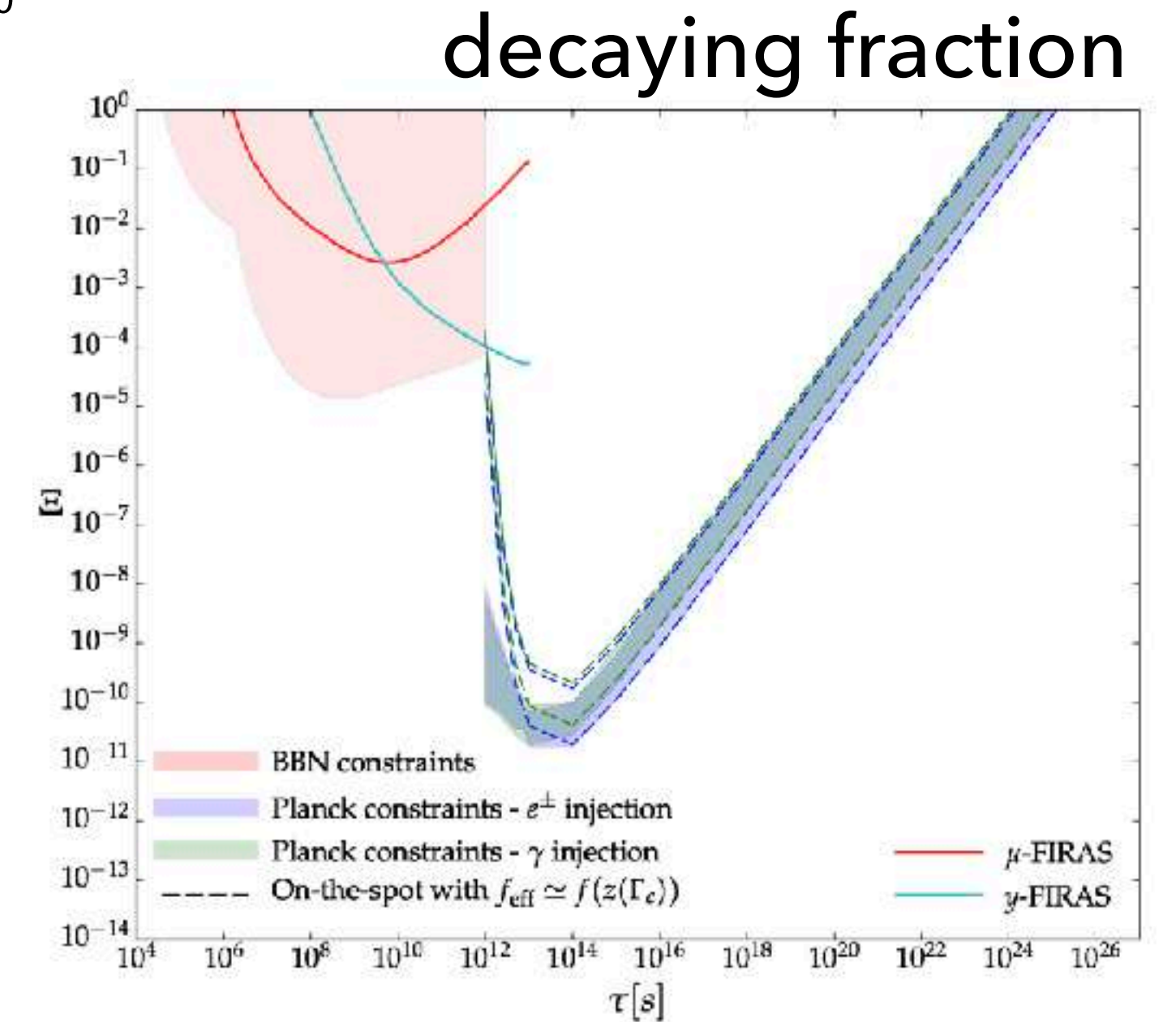
*Li, Gluscevic, **KB**, Madhavacheril (PRD 2018)*

Annihilation and Decay Constraints



Slatyer and Wu (PRD 2017)

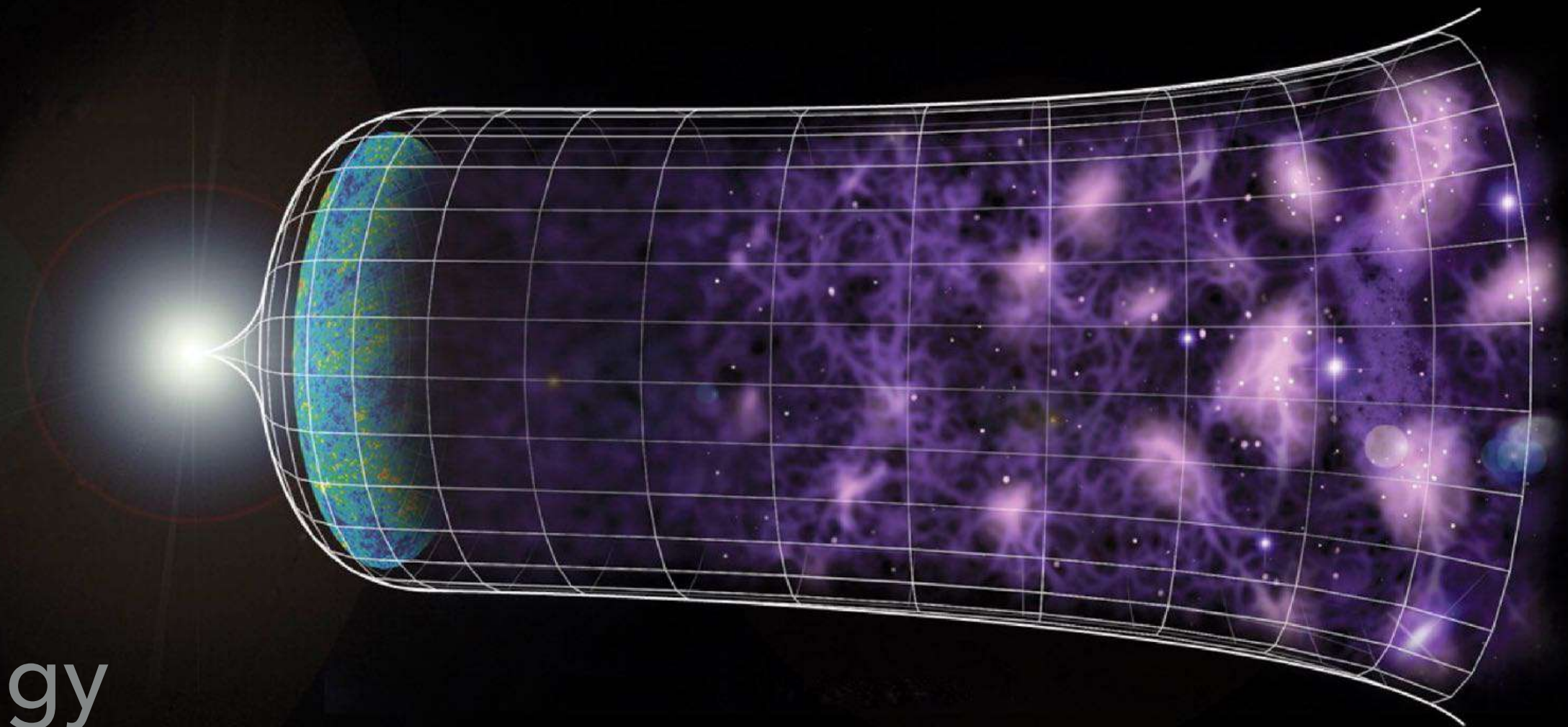
Anisotropies most sensitive at
 $z \sim 600$ (annihilation)
 $z \sim 300$ (decay)



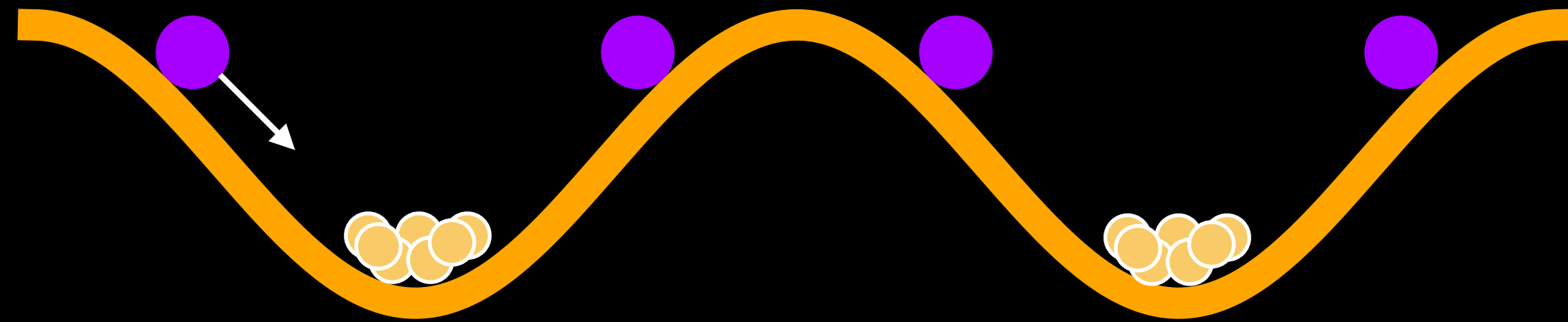
Poulin, Lesgourgues, Serpico (JCAP 2017)

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Small-Scale Suppression



Interactions can destroy
small, weakly-bound structures

Test with CMB

Momentum Transfer

- ◆ Parameterize scattering:

$$\sigma_{MT}(v) = \sigma_0 v^n$$

- ◆ Relates to:

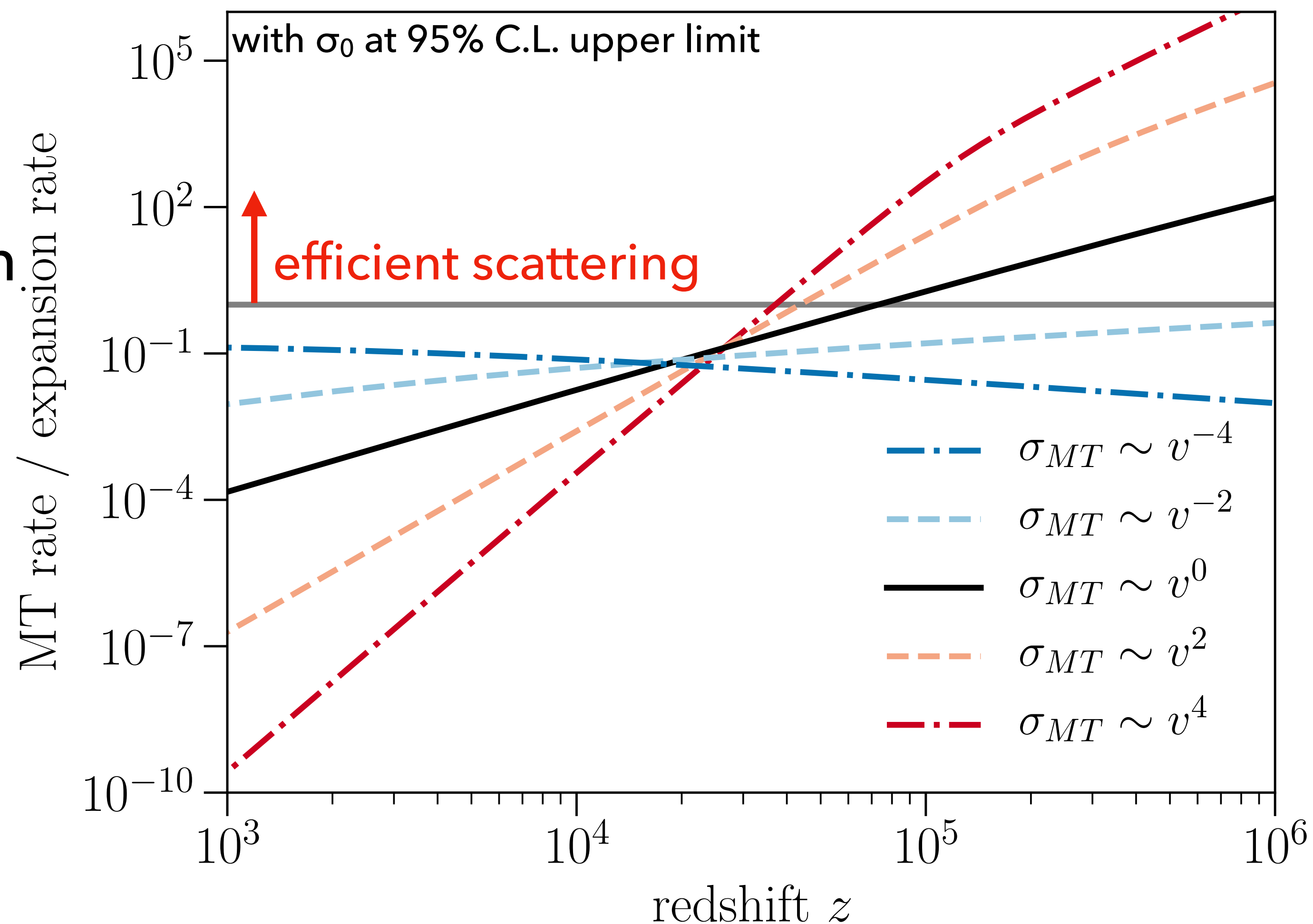
- ◆ EFT formalism in direct detection
- ◆ Very light mediator models

- ◆ Thermal dispersion

$$v_{\text{th}} = \sqrt{\frac{T_b}{m_b} + \frac{T_{\text{DM}}}{m_{\text{DM}}}}$$

- ◆ Relative bulk velocity

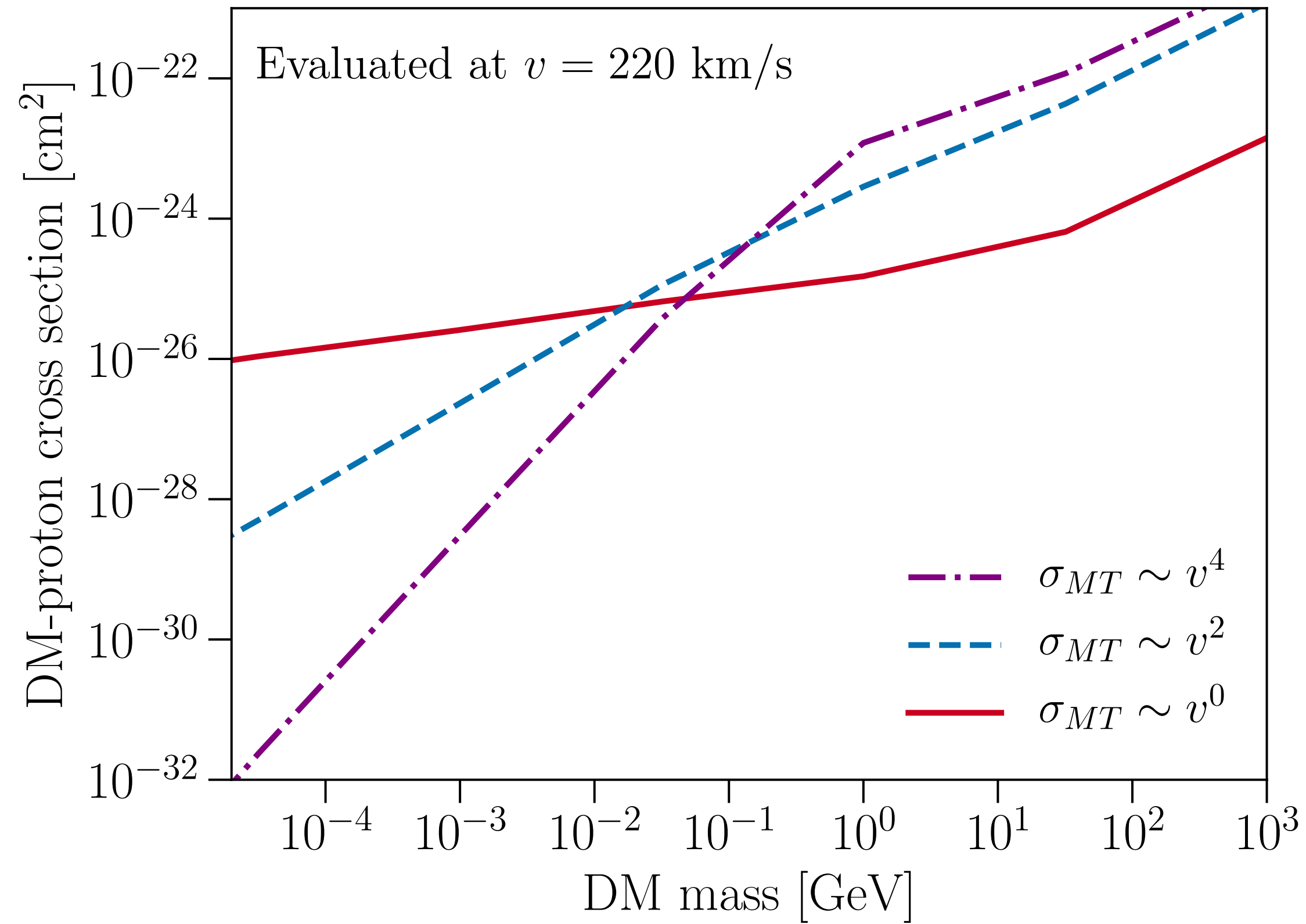
$$\vec{V} = \vec{V}_b - \vec{V}_{\text{DM}}$$



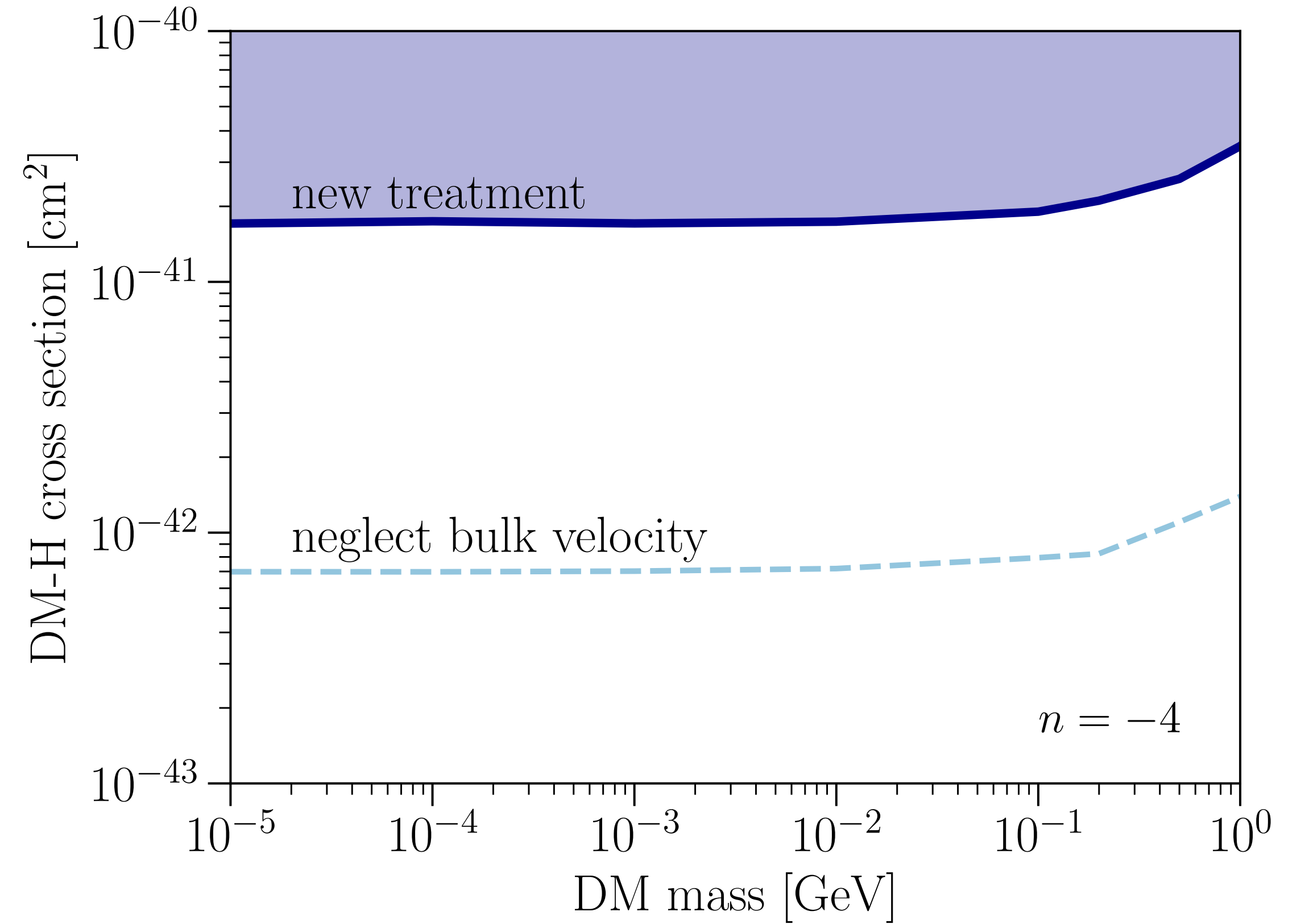
for $n \geq 0$: **KB**, Gluscevic (PRD 2018) and Gluscevic, **KB** (PRL 2018)

for $n < 0$: **KB**, Gluscevic, Poulin, Kovetz, Kamionkowski, Barkana (PRD 2018)

Scattering Constraints



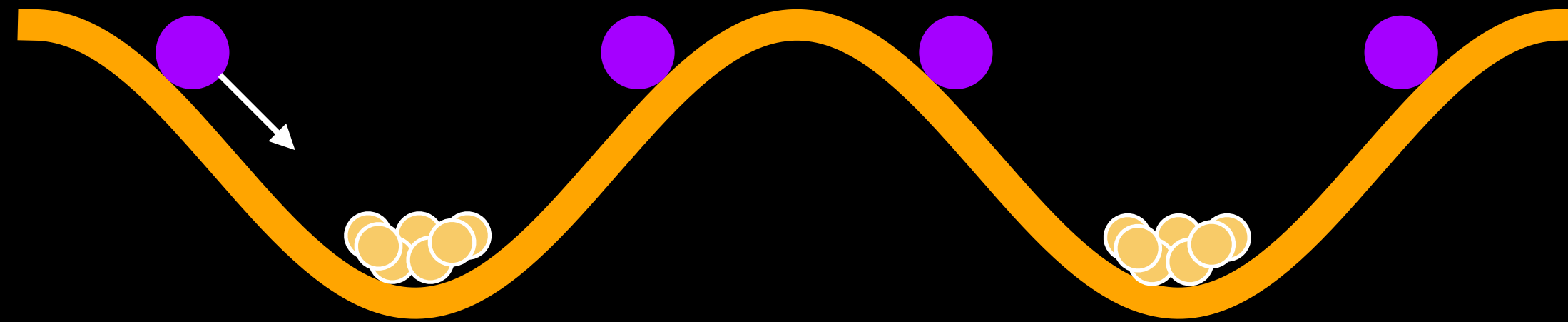
KB, Gluscevic (PRD 2018)



KB, Gluscevic, Poulin, Kovetz, Kamionkowski, Barkana (PRD 2018)

*implications for EDGES, see
Kovetz, Poulin, Gluscevic, **KB**, Barkana, Kamionkowski (PRD 2018)*

Small-Scale Suppression

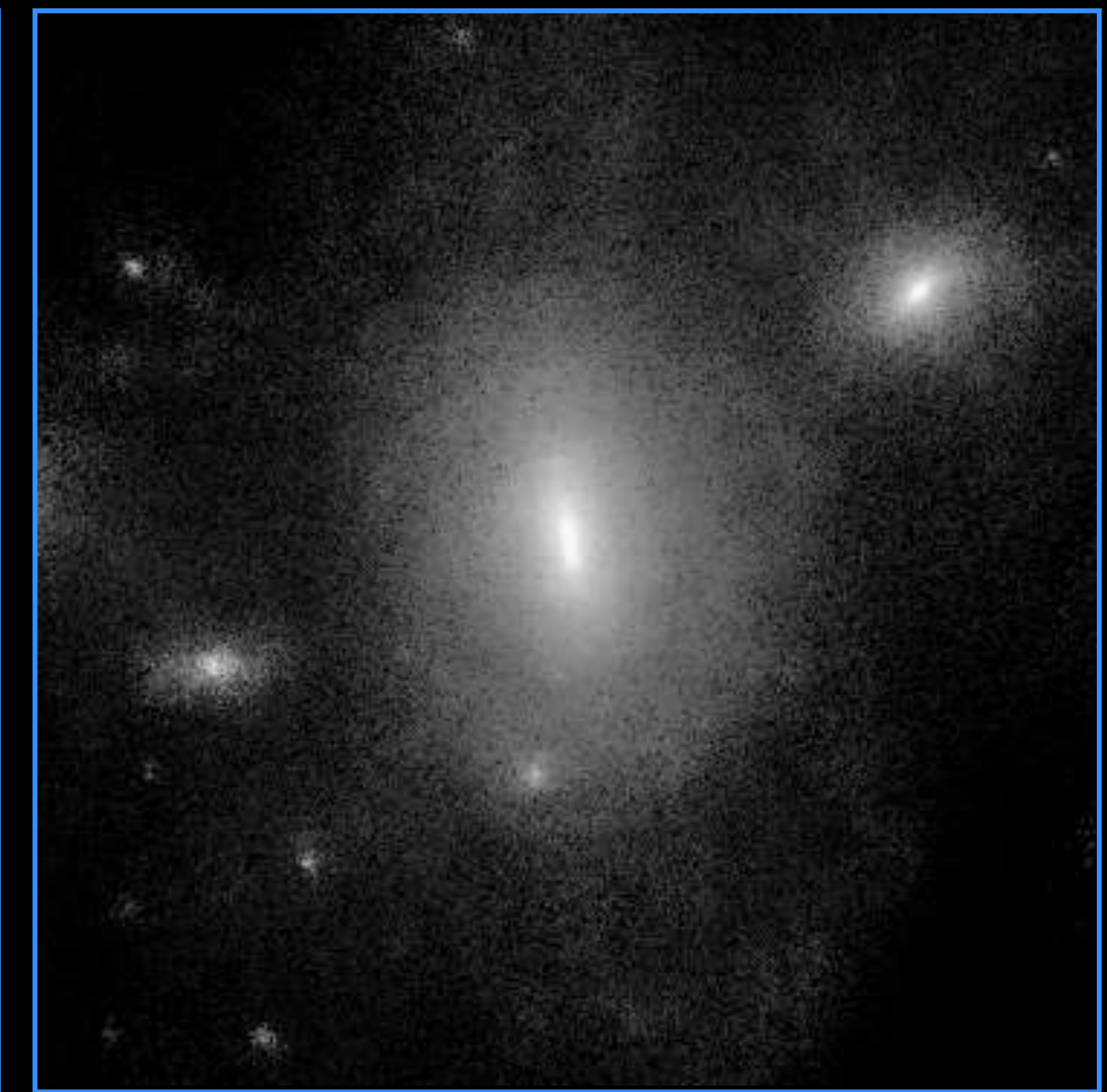
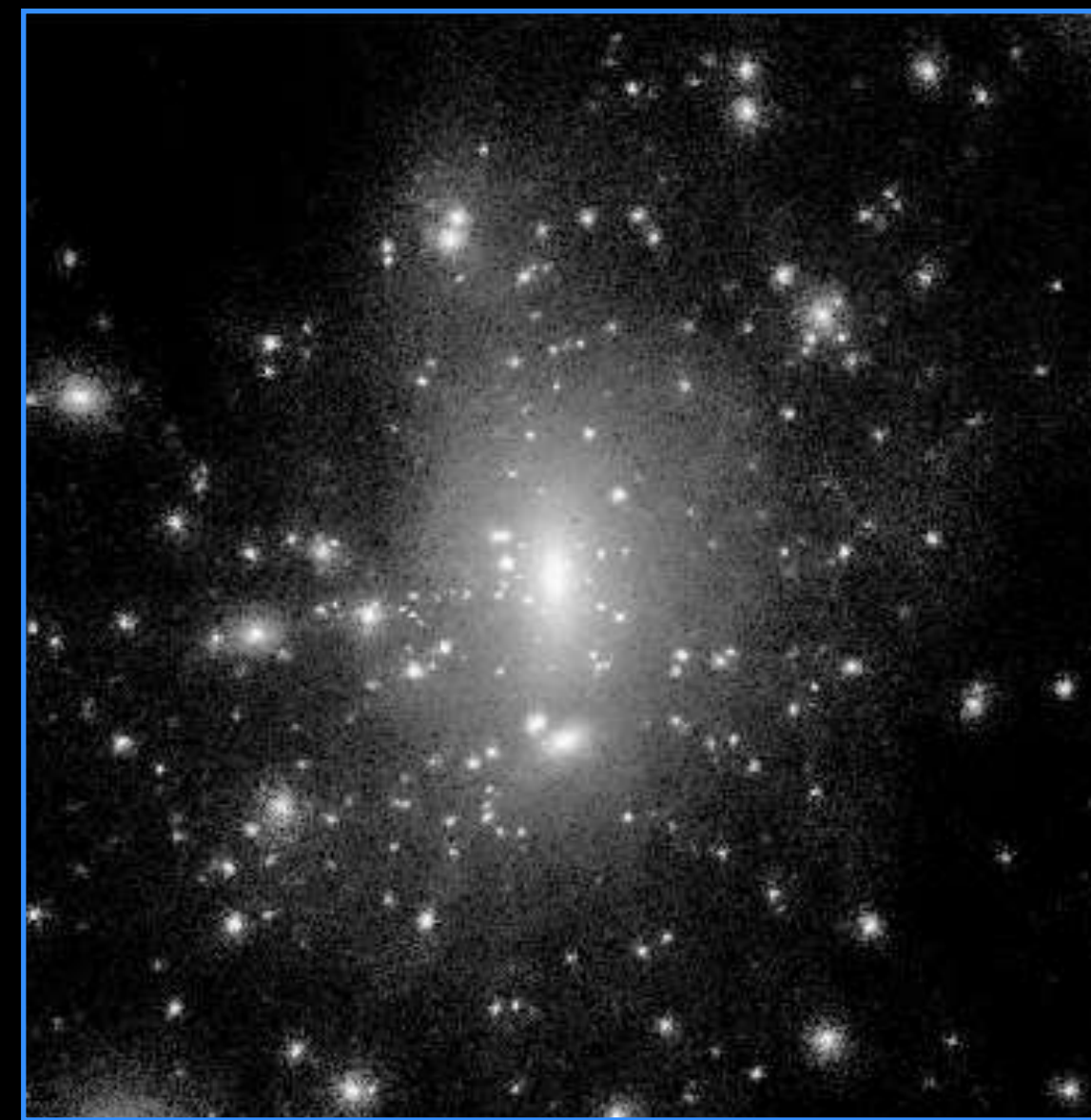


Interactions can destroy
small, weakly-bound structures

Test with CMB

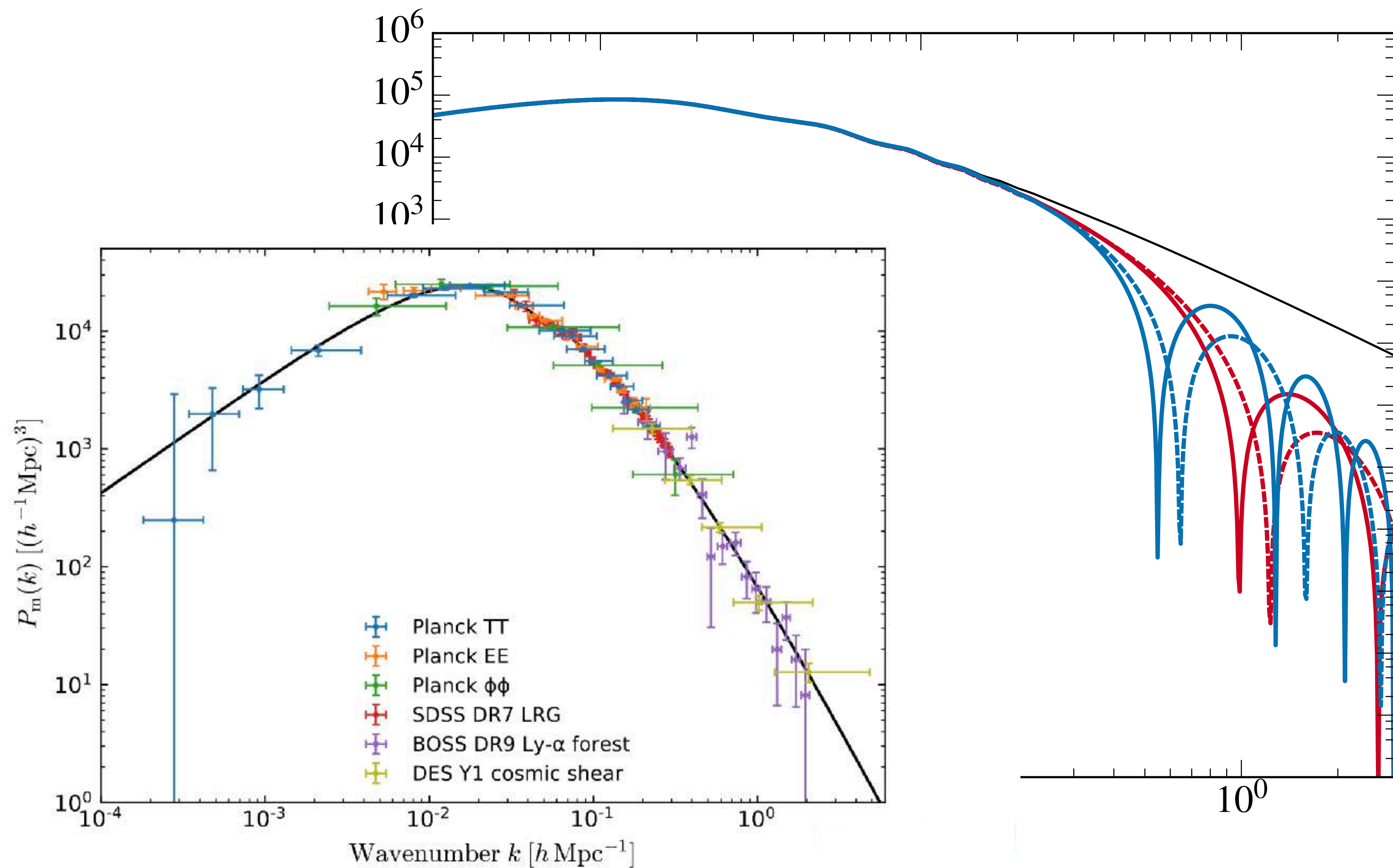
Very small galaxies
might not form

Test with galaxy surveys

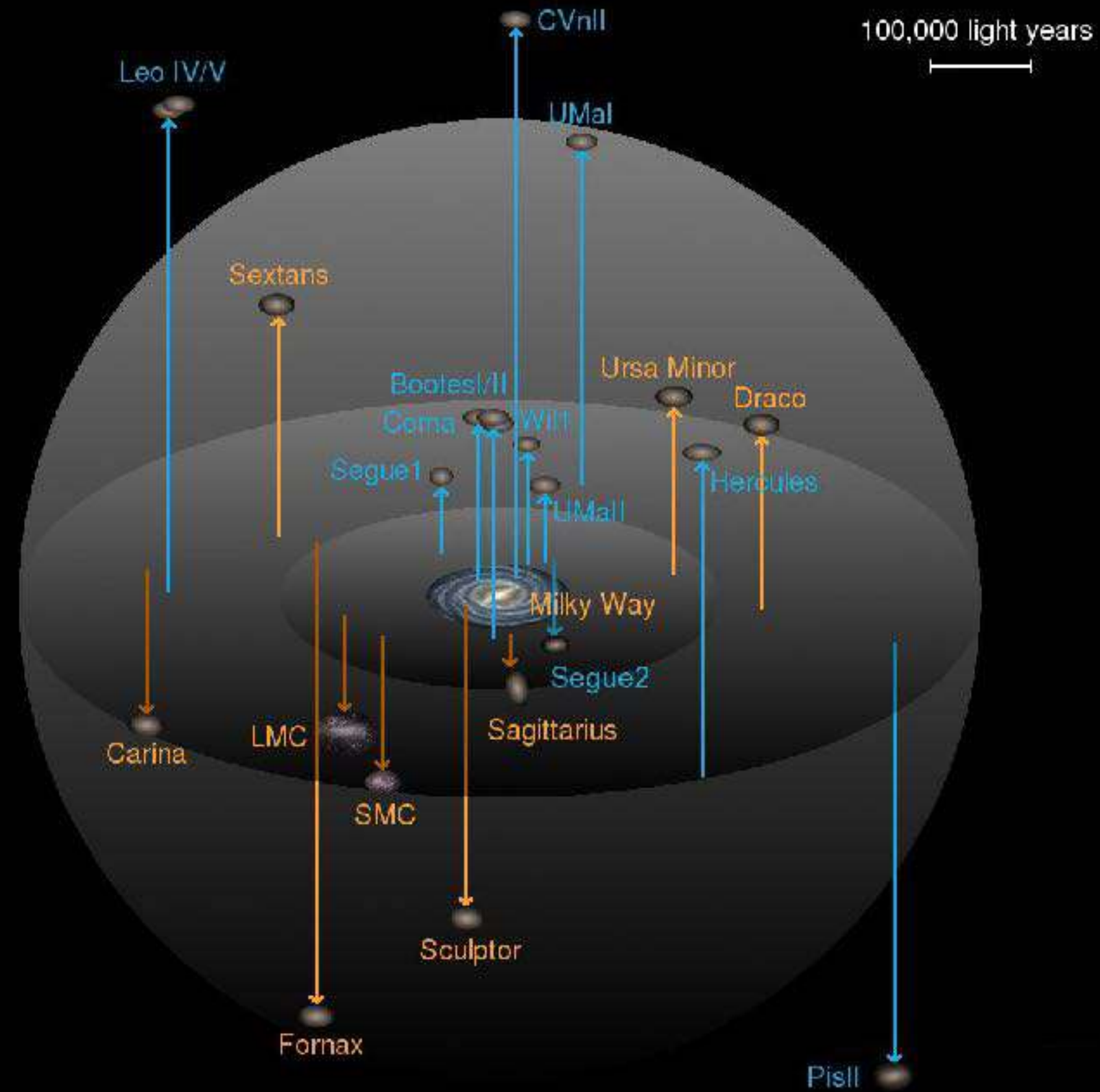


Moore+ (MNRAS, 1999)

Matter Power Spectrum



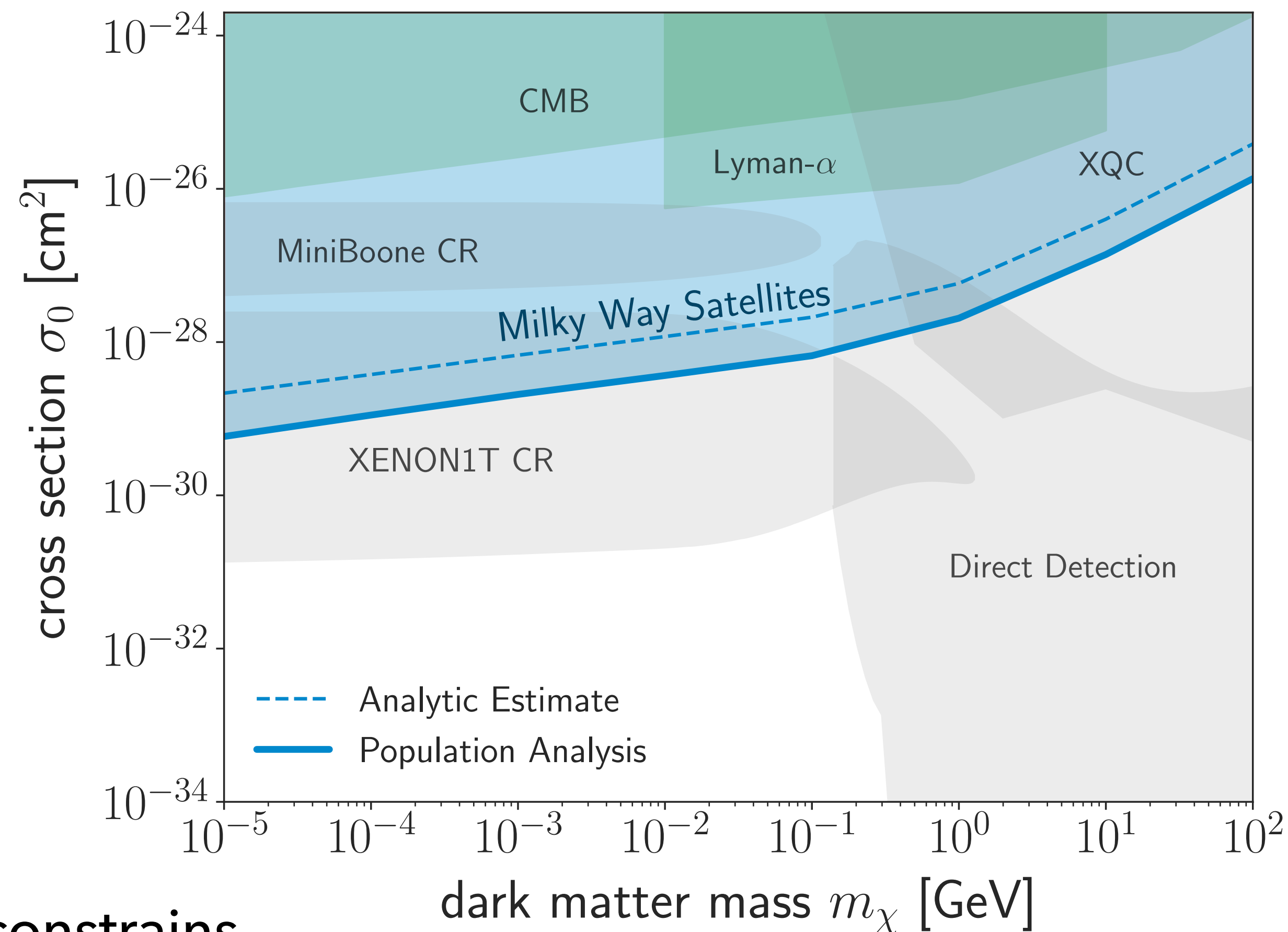
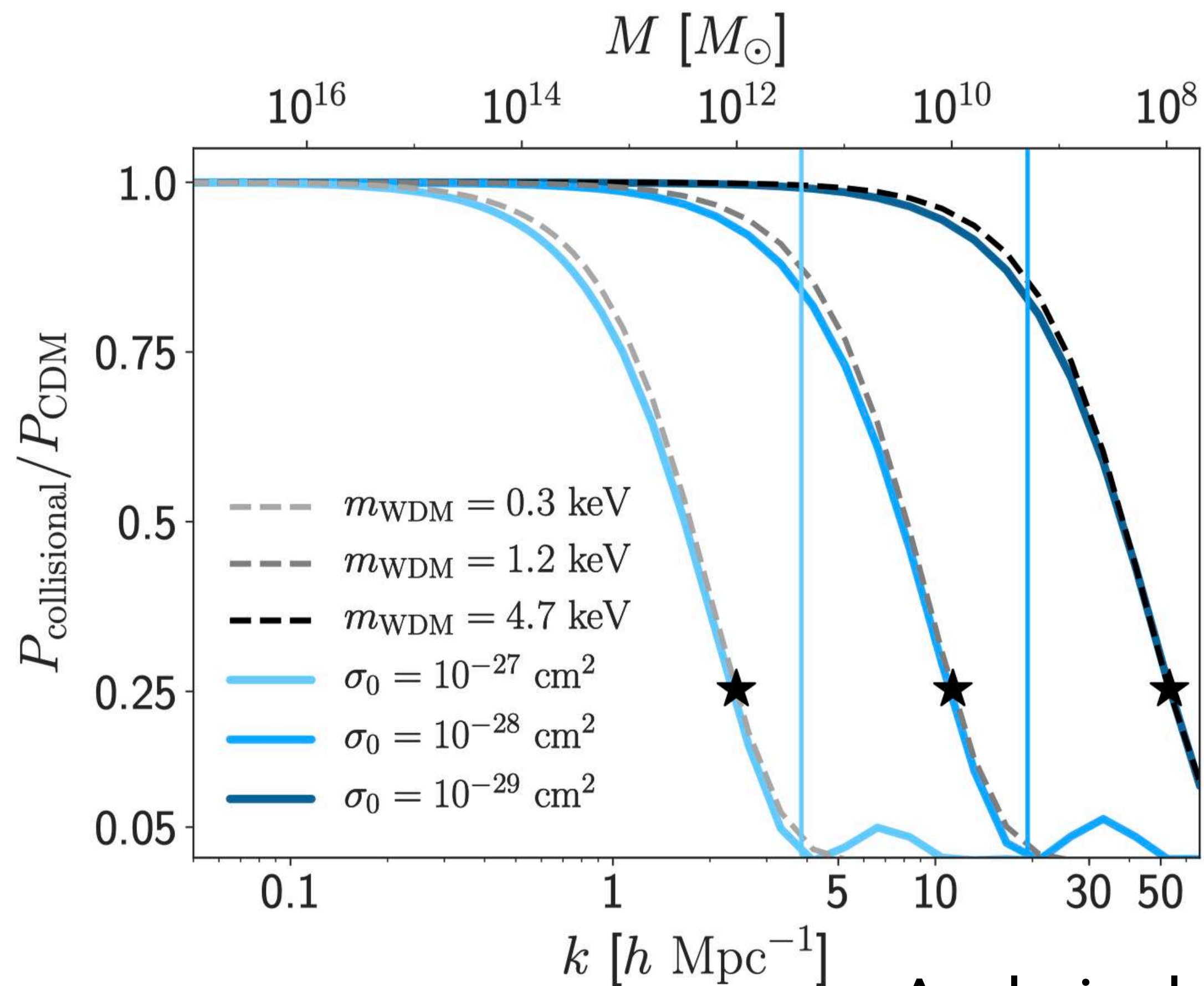
Milky Way Satellites



Classic dwarfs
SDSS-identified dwarfs



Constraints with SDSS + Classical



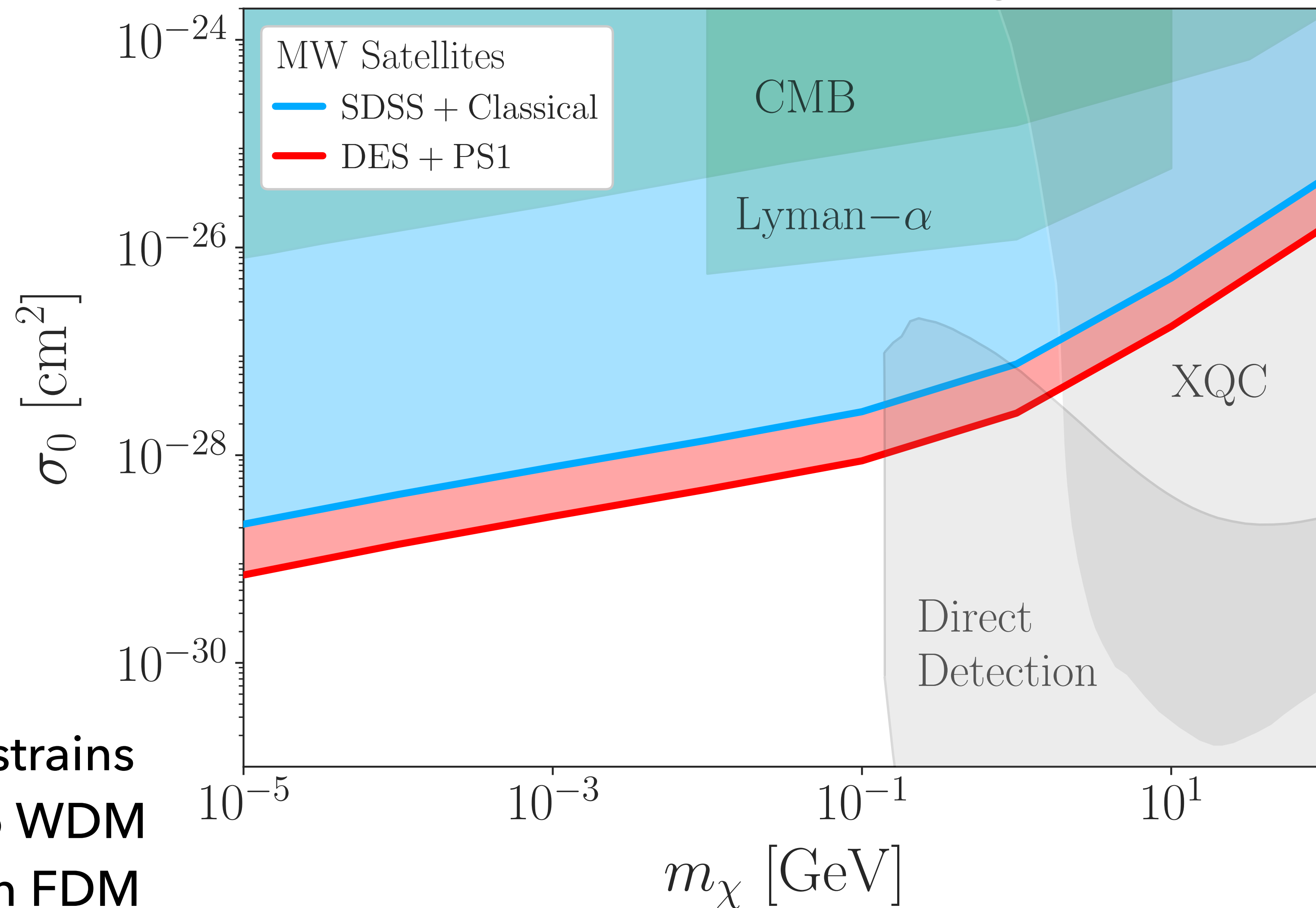
Analysis also constrains

- ◆ Warm DM: $m > 3.3 \text{ keV}$
- ◆ Fuzzy DM: $m > 3 \times 10^{-21} \text{ eV}$

Nadler, Gluscevic, **KB**, Wechsler (ApJL 2019)

Constraints with DES + Pan-STARRS1

DM-Proton Scattering IDM

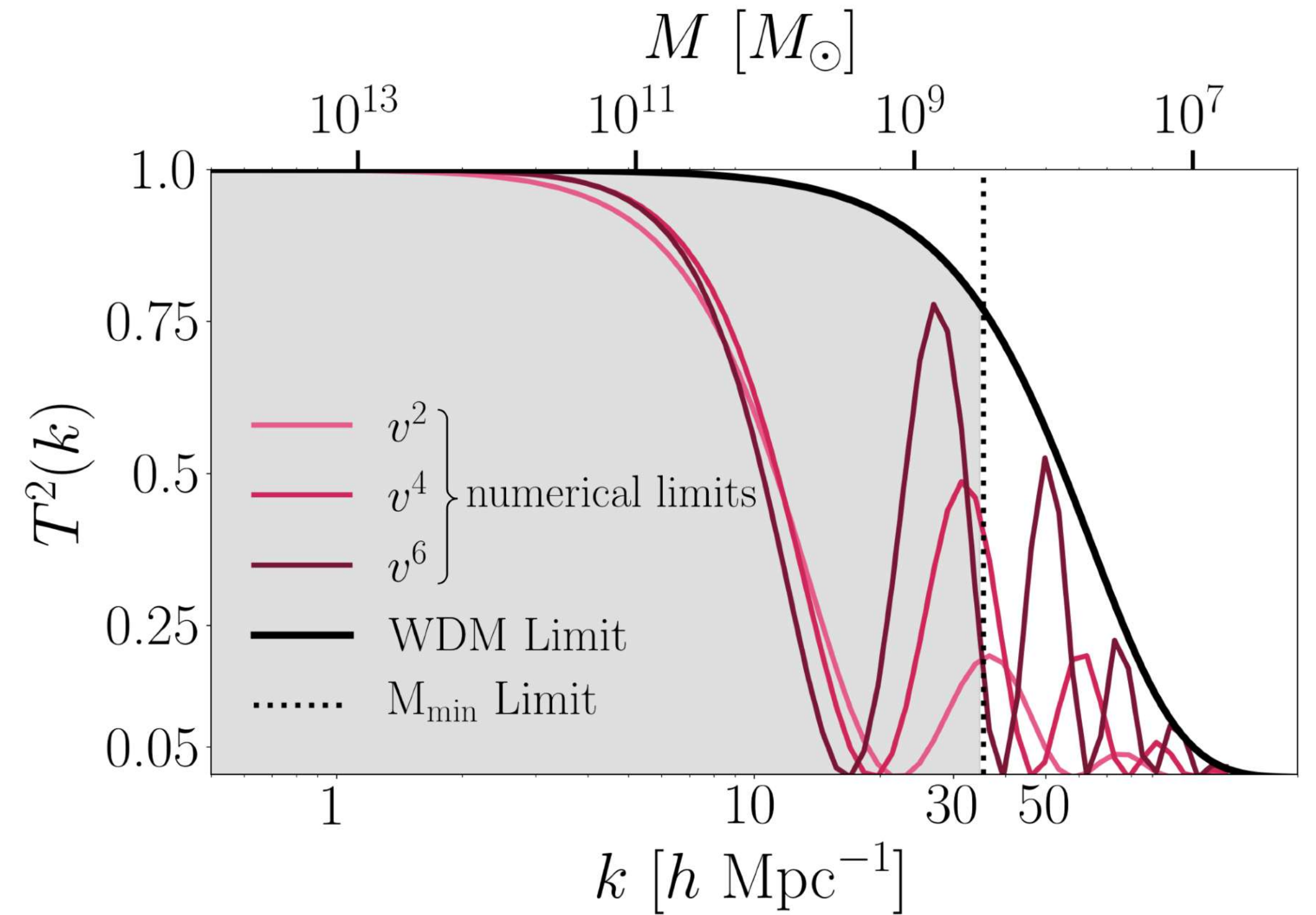
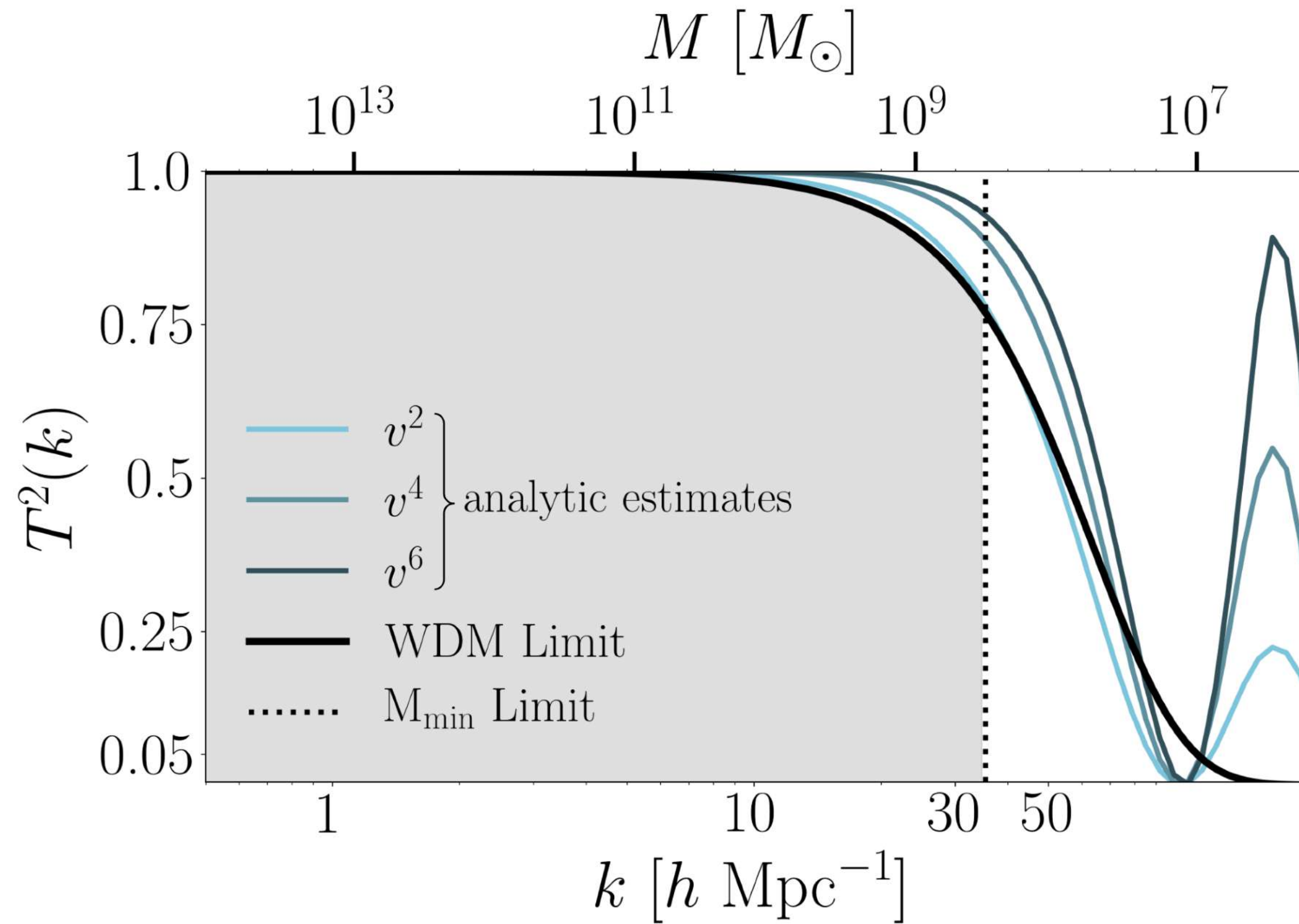


Analysis also constrains

- ◆ Sterile neutrino WDM
- ◆ Ultra-light axion FDM

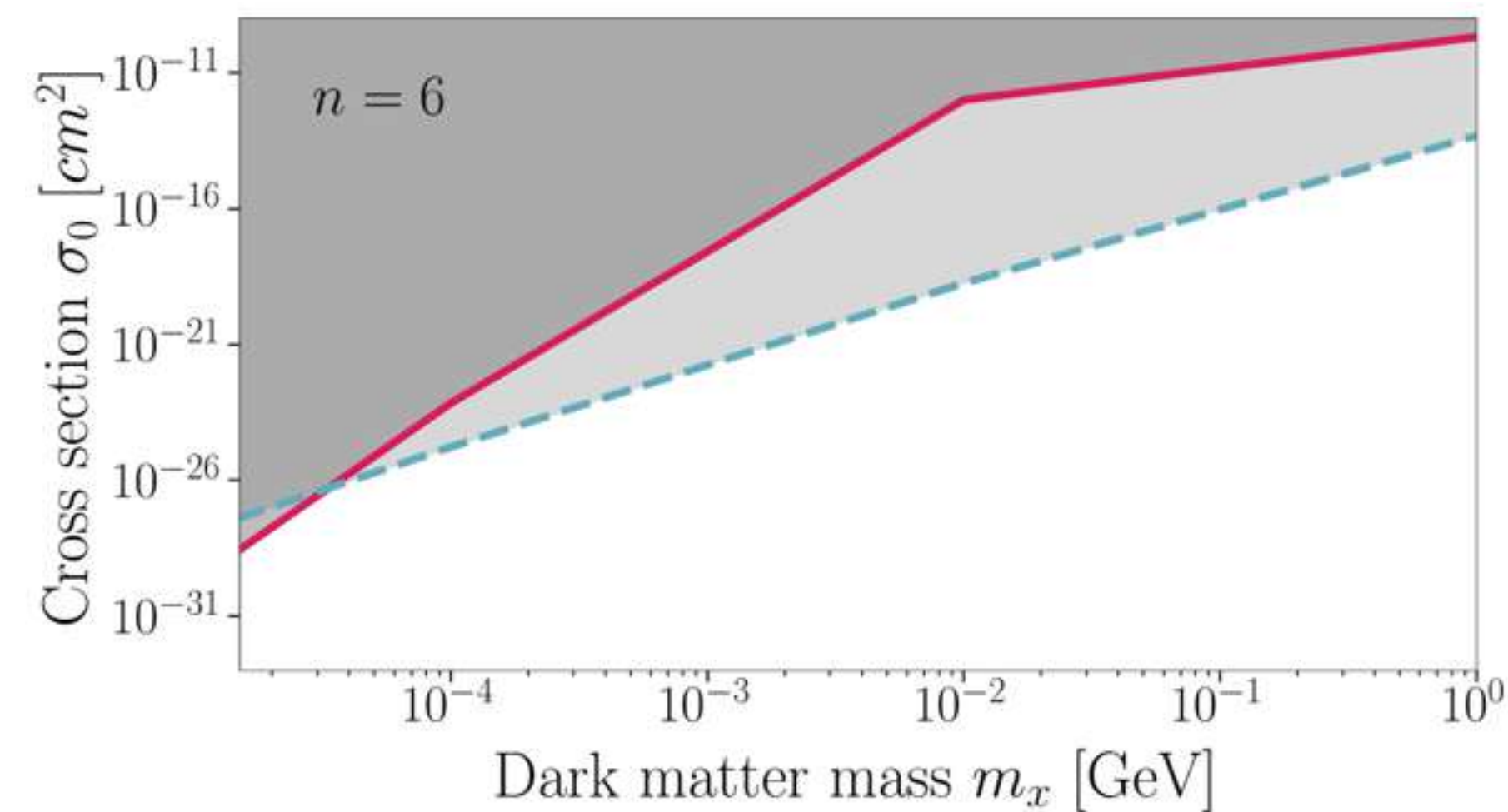
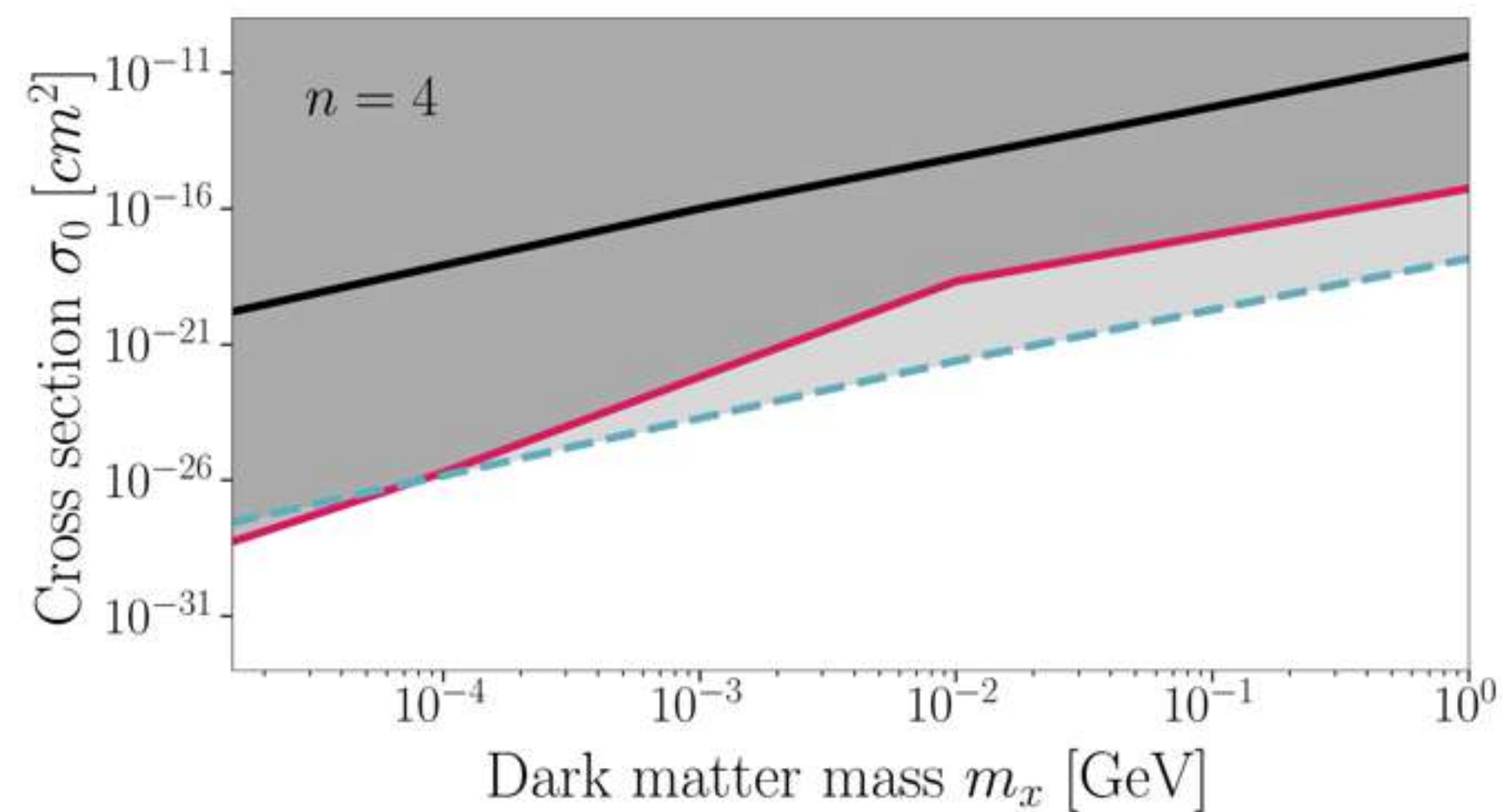
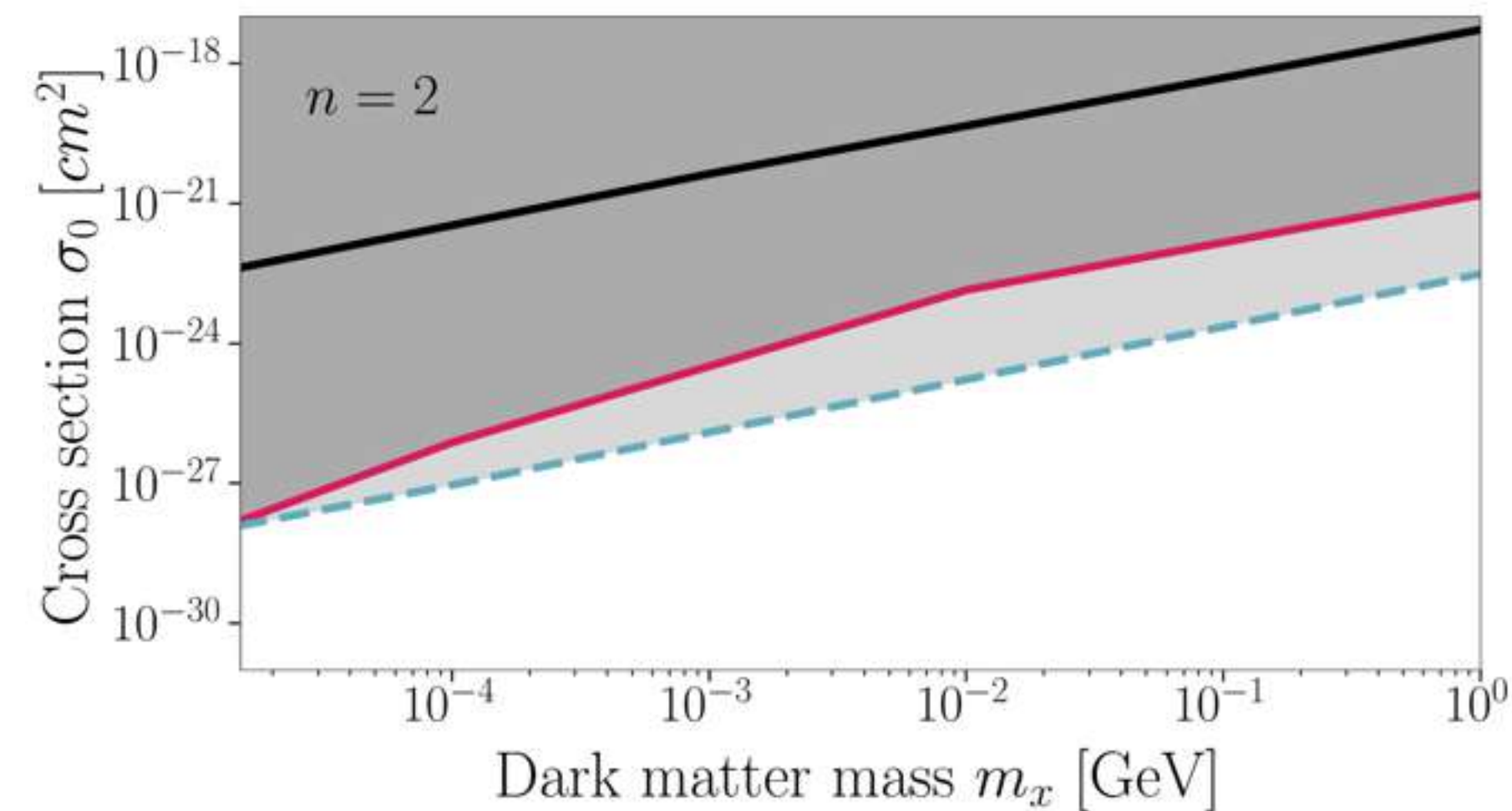
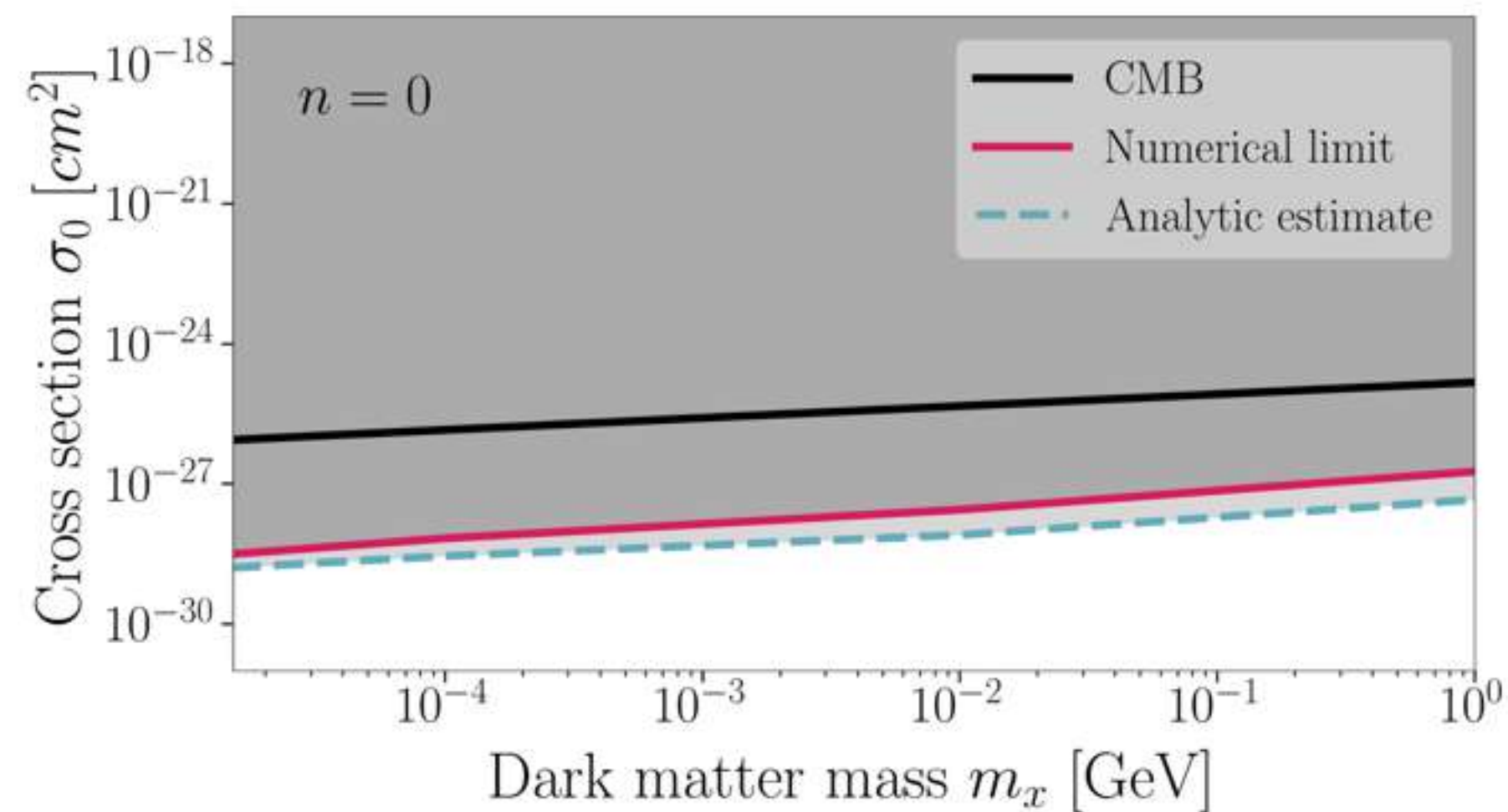
DES Collaboration, incl. **KB** (2008.00022)

Constraining Velocity-Dependent Models



Maamari, Gluscevic, **KB**, Nadler, Wechsler (in prep)

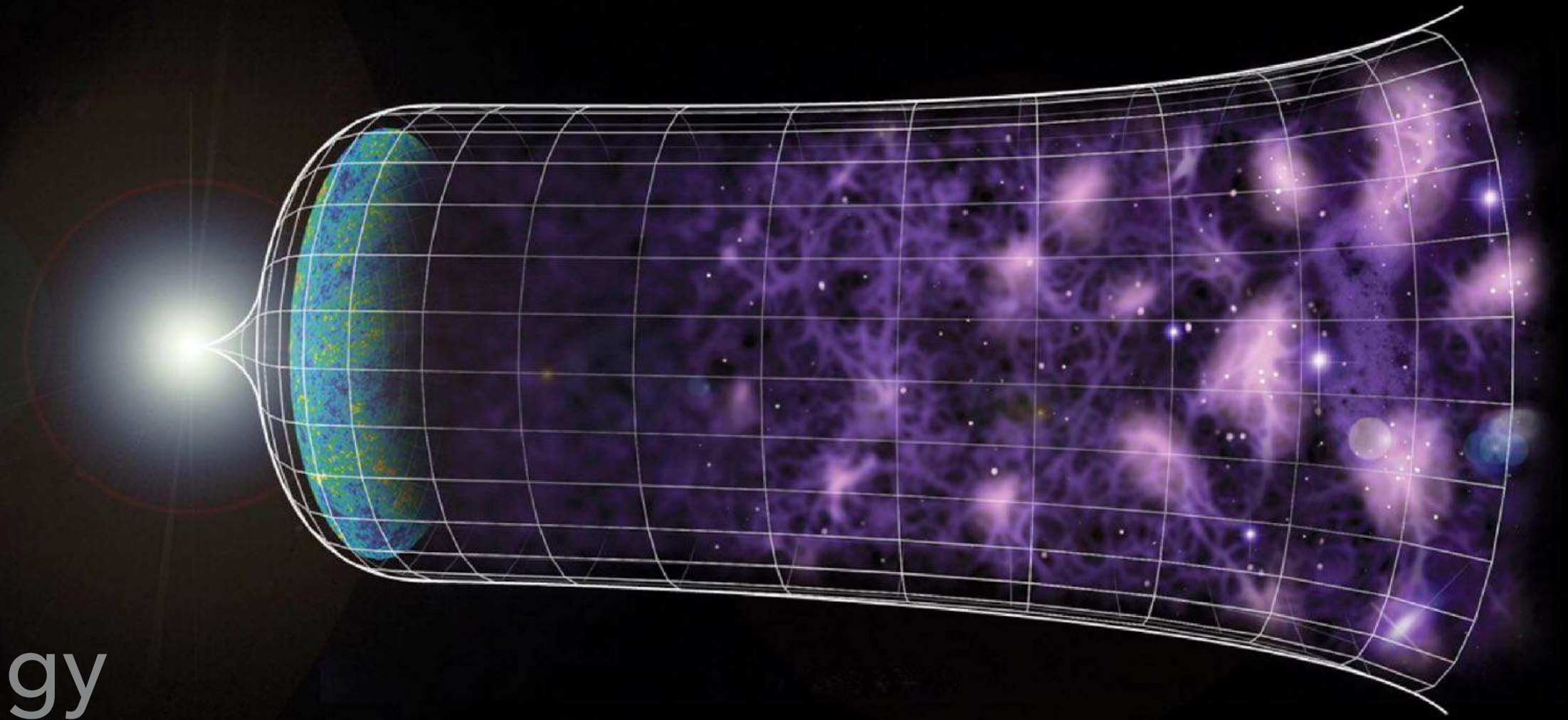
Preliminary Results



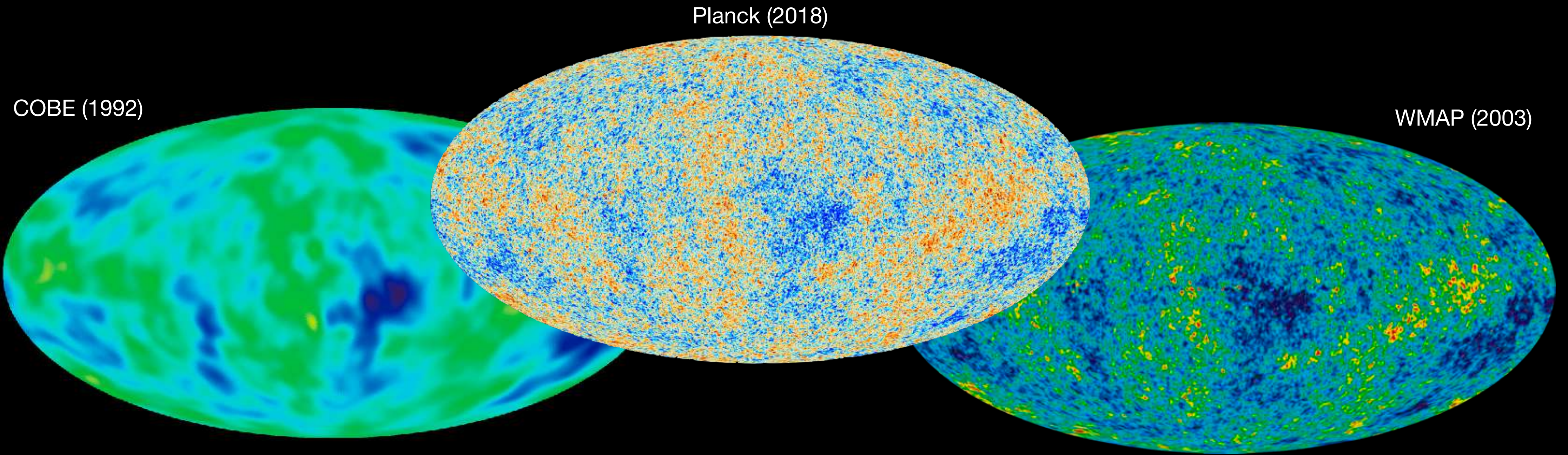
Maamari, Gluscevic, **KB**, Nadler, Wechsler (in prep)

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CMB Experiments



Simons Observatory CMB-S4

South Pole Telescope



Atacama Cosmology Telescope



PICO, CMB-HD

Galaxy Surveys



Rubin
Observatory



LSST DM white paper 1902.01055

See also:
DESI, WFIRST, Euclid, ...

Cosmological and astrophysical observables provide a unique and rich foundation to address the long-standing dark matter problem.

